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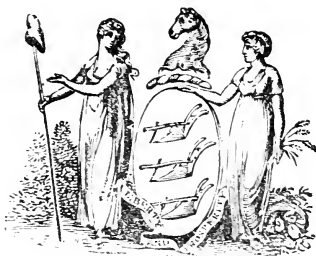


C. P. & H. Lee

NINETY-NINTH LEGISLATIVE SESSION

State of New Jersey.

Manual of the Legislature



COMPILED BY

F. L. LUNDY.

CORRECTED TO JANUARY 1, 1875.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

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CALENDAR.

1875.

1875	Sund.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Satur.	1875	Sund.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Satur.
Jan.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	July	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	31	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Feb.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6	Aug.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	28	...	...	...	...	...	...		29	30	31	...	...	...	...
Mar.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6	Sept.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...		26	27	28	29	30	...	...
April	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	Oct.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
May	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Nov.	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	30	31	...	...	...	...	...		28	29	30	...	...	...	...
June	...	...	1	2	3	4	5	Dec.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

State of New Jersey.

A CONSTITUTION *agreed upon by the delegates of the people of New Jersey in convention: begun at Trenton on the fourteenth day of May, and continued to the twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.*

WE, the people of the State of New Jersey, grateful to Almighty God for the civil and religious liberty which He hath so long permitted us to enjoy, and looking to Him for a blessing upon our endeavors to secure and transmit the same unimpaired to succeeding generations, do ordain and establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.

1. All men are by nature free and independent, and have certain natural and unalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and of pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for the protection, security and benefit of the people, and they have the right, at all times, to alter or reform the same, whenever the public good may require it.

3. No person shall be deprived of the inestimable privilege of worshipping Almighty God in a manner agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience ; nor under any pretense whatever be compelled to attend any place of worship contrary to his faith and judgment ; nor shall any person be obliged to pay tithes, taxes or other rates for building or repairing any church or churches, place or places of worship, or for the maintenance of any minister or ministry, contrary to what he believes to be right, or has deliberately and voluntarily engaged to perform.

4. There shall be no establishment of one religious sect in preference to another ; no religious test shall be required as a qualification for any office or public trust ; and no person shall be denied the enjoyment of any civil right merely on account of his religious principles.

5. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right. No law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury ; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libellous is true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted ; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

6. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated ; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the papers and things to be seized.

7. The right of a trial by jury shall remain inviolate : but the legislature may authorize the trial of civil suits,

when the matter in dispute does not exceed fifty dollars, by a jury of six men.

8. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury ; to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation ; to be confronted with the witnesses against him ; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel in his defence

9. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offence unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger.

10. No person shall, after acquittal be tried for the same offence. All persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offences, when the proof is evident or presumption great.

11. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

12. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

13. No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner ; nor in time of war, except in a manner prescribed by law.

14. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against it, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

15. Excessive bail shall not be required, excessive fines shall not be imposed, and cruel and unusual punishments shall not be inflicted.

16. Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation ; but land may be taken for public highways, as heretofore, until the legislature shall direct compensation to be made.

17. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any action, or on any judgment founded upon contract, unless in cases of fraud ; nor shall any person be imprisoned for a militia fine in time of peace.

18. The people have the right freely to assemble together, to consult for the common good, to make known their opinions to their representatives, and to petition for redress of grievances

19. This enumeration of rights and privileges shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

ARTICLE II.

RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

1. Every (white) male citizen of the United States of the age of twenty one years, who shall have been a resident of this state one year, and of the county in which he claims his vote (sixty days) next before the election, shall be entitled to vote for all officers that now are, or hereafter may be, elective by the people ; *provided*, that no person in the military, naval, or marine service of the United States shall be considered a resident in this state by being stationed in any garrison, barrack, or military or naval place or station within this state ; and no pauper, idiot, insane person, or person convicted of a crime which now excludes him from being a witness, unless pardoned or restored by law to the right of suffrage, shall enjoy the right of an elector.

2. The legislature may pass laws to deprive persons of the right of suffrage who shall be convicted of bribery at elections.

ARTICLE III.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POWERS OF GOVERNMENT.

1. The powers of the government shall be divided into three distinct departments—the legislative, executive and judicial ; and no person or persons belonging to, or constituting one of these departments, shall exercise any

of the powers properly belonging to either of the others except as herein expressly provided.

A R T I C L E I V .

LEGISLATIVE.

Section I.

1. The legislative power shall be vested in a senate and general assembly.

2. No person shall be a member of the senate who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the state for four years, and of the county for which he shall be chosen one year, next before his election; and no person shall be a member of the general assembly who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the state for two years, and of the county for which he shall be chosen one year, next before his election; *provided*, that no person shall be eligible as a member of either house of the legislature who shall not be entitled to the right of suffrage.

3. Members of the senate and general assembly shall be elected yearly and every year, on the second Tuesday, of October; and the two houses shall meet separately on the second Tuesday in January next after the said day of election, at which time of meeting the legislative year shall commence; but the time of holding such election may be altered by the legislature.

Section II.

1. The senate shall be composed of one senator from each county in the state, elected by the legal voters of the counties, respectively, for three years.

2. As soon as the senate shall meet after the first election to be held in pursuance of this constitution, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the first year; of the second class at the expiration of the second year; and of the third

class at the expiration of the third year, so that one class may be elected every year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, the persons elected to supply such vacancies shall be elected for the unexpired terms only.

Section III.

1. The general assembly shall be composed of members annually elected by the legal voters of the counties respectively, who shall be apportioned among the said counties as nearly as may be according to the number of their inhabitants. The present apportionment shall continue until the next census of the United States shall have been taken, and an apportionment of members of the general assembly shall be made by the legislature, at its first session after the next and every subsequent enumeration or census, and when made shall remain unaltered until another enumeration shall have been taken; *provided*, that each county shall at all times be entitled to one member; and the whole number of members shall never exceed sixty.

Section IV.

1. Each house shall direct writs of election for supplying vacancies, occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise; but if vacancies occur during the recess of the legislature, the writs may be issued by the governor, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

2. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

3. Each house shall choose its own officers, determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two thirds, may expel a member.

4. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same; and the yeas

and nays of the members of either house on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

5. Neither house, during the session of the legislature, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

6. All bills and joint resolutions shall be read three times in each house, before the final passage thereof; and no bill or joint resolution shall pass unless there be a majority of all the members of each body personally present and agreeing thereto; and the yeas and nays of the members voting on such final passage shall be entered on the journal.

7. Members of the senate and general assembly shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the state; which compensation shall not exceed the sum of three dollars per day for the period of forty days from the commencement of the session, and shall not exceed the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day for the remainder of the session. When convened in extra session by the governor, they shall receive such sum as shall be fixed for the first forty days of the ordinary session. They shall also receive the sum of one dollar for every ten miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, on the most usual route. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of assembly shall, in virtue of their offices, receive an additional compensation equal to one-third of their per diem allowance as members.

8. Members of the senate and general assembly shall, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the sitting of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate, in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Section V.

1. No member of the senate or general assembly shall, during the time for which he was elected, be nominated or appointed by the governor or by the legislature in joint meeting, to any civil office under the authority of this state, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time.

2. If any member of the senate or general assembly shall be elected to represent this state in the senate or house of representatives of the United States, and shall accept thereof, or shall accept of any office or appointment under the government of the United States, his seat in the legislature of this state shall thereby be vacated.

3. No justice of the supreme court, nor judge of any other court, sheriff, justice of the peace, nor any person or persons possessed of any office of profit under the government of this state, shall be entitled to a seat either in the senate or in the general assembly; but on being elected and taking his seat his office shall be considered vacant; and no person holding any office of profit under the government of the United States shall be entitled to a seat in either house.

Section VI.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of assembly; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

2. No money shall be drawn from the treasury but for appropriations made by law.

3. The credit of the state shall not be directly or indirectly loaned in any case.

4. The legislature shall not, in any manner, create any debt or debts, liability, or liabilities, of the state, which shall singly or in the aggregate with any previous debts or liabilities at any time exceed one hundred thousand dollars, except for purposes of war, or to repel invasion, or to suppress insurrection, unless the same shall be authorized by a law for some single object or work to be distinctly specified therein; which law shall provide the

ways and means, exclusive of loans, to pay the interest of such debt or liability as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt or liability within thirty-five years from the time of the contracting thereof and shall be irrevocable until such debt or liability, and the interest thereon, are fully paid and discharged and no such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received the sanction of a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election: and all money to be raised by the authority of such law shall be applied only to the specific object stated therein, and to the payment of the debt thereby created. This section shall not be construed to refer to any money that has been, or may be, deposited with this state by the government of the United States.

Section VII.

1. No divorce shall be granted by the legislature.

2. No lottery shall be authorised by this state; and no ticket in any lottery not authorised by a law of this state shall be bought or sold within the state.

3. The legislature shall not pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or depriving a party of any remedy for enforcing a contract which existed when the contract was made.

4. To avoid improper influences which may result from intermixing in one and the same act such things as have no proper relation to each other, every law shall embrace but one object, and that shall be expressed in the title.

5. The laws of this state shall begin in the following style; "Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey."

6. The fund for the support of free schools, and all money, stock, and other property which may hereafter be appropriated for that purpose, or received into the treasury under the provision of any law heretofore passed to augment the said fund, shall be securely invested, and

remain a perpetual fund ; and the income thereof, except so much as it may be judged expedient to apply to an increase of the capital, shall be annually appropriated to the support of public schools, for the equal benefit of all the people of the state ; and it shall not be competent for the legislature to borrow, appropriate or use the said fund or any part thereof, for any other purpose, under any pretence whatever.

7. No private or special law shall be passed authorising the sale of any lands belonging in whole or in part to a minor or minors, or other persons who may at the time be under any legal disability to act for themselves.

8. The assent of three-fifths of the members elected to each house shall be requisite to the passage of every law for granting, continuing, altering, amending, or renewing charters for banks or money corporations : and all such charters shall be limited to a term not exceeding twenty years.

9. Individuals or private corporations shall not be authorized to take private property for public use without just compensation first made to the owners.

10. The legislature may vest in the circuit courts, or courts of common pleas within the several counties of this state, chancery powers, so far as relates to the foreclosure of mortgages and sale of mortgaged premises.

Section VIII.

1. Members of the legislature shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation :

“ I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I will support the constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of senator [or member of general assembly, as the case may be,] according to the best of my ability.”

And members elect of the senate or general assembly are hereby empowered to administer to each other the said oath or affirmation.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

1. The executive power shall be vested in a governor.
2. The governor shall be elected by the legal voters of this state. The person having the highest number of votes shall be the governor; but if two or more shall be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen governor by the vote of a majority of the members of both houses in joint meeting. Contested elections for the office of governor shall be determined in such manner as the legislature shall direct by law. When a governor is to be elected by the people, such election shall be held at the time when and at the place where the people shall respectively vote for members of the legislature.
3. The governor shall hold his office for three years, to commence on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing the election for governor by the people, and to end on the Monday preceding the Third Tuesday of January, three years thereafter: and he shall be incapable of holding that office for three years next after his term of service shall have expired; and no appointment or nomination to office shall be made by the governor during the last week of his said term.
4. The governor shall not be less than thirty years of age, and shall have been for twenty years at least a citizen of the United States, and a resident of this state seven years next before his election, unless he shall have been absent during that time on the public business of the United States or of this State.
5. The governor shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected.
6. He shall be the commander-in-chief of all the military and naval forces of the state; he shall have power to convene the legislature whenever in his opinion public necessity requires it; he shall communicate by

message to the legislature at the opening of each session, and at such other times as he may deem necessary, the condition of the state, and recommend such measures as he may deem expedient; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and grant, under the great seal of the state, commissions to all such officers as shall be required to be commissioned.

7. Every bill which shall have passed both houses shall be presented to the governor; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it; if, after such reconsideration, a majority of the whole number of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved of by a majority of the whole number of that house, it shall become a law; but in neither house shall the vote be taken on the same day on which the bill shall be returned to it; and in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within five days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislature, by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

8. No member of congress, or person holding an office under the United States, or this state, shall exercise the office of governor; and in case the governor, or person administering the government, shall accept any office under the United States, or this state, his office of governor shall thereupon be vacant.

9. The governor, or person administering the government, shall have power to suspend the collection of fines and forfeitures, and to grant reprieves, to extend until the expiration of a time not exceeding ninety days after con-

viction ; but this power shall not extend to cases of impeachment.

10. The governor, or person administering the government, the chancellor, and the six judges of the court of errors and appeals, or a major part of them, of whom the governor, or person administering the government, shall be one, may remit fines and forfeitures, and grant pardons after conviction, in all cases except impeachment.

11. The governor and all other civil officers under this state shall be liable to impeachment for misdemeanor in office, during their continuance in office, and for two years thereafter.

12. In case of the death, resignation, or removal from office of the governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate, and in case of his death, resignation or removal, then upon the speaker of the house of assembly for the time being, until another governor shall be elected and qualified ; but in such case another governor shall be chosen at the next election for members of the legislature, unless such death, resignation, or removal shall occur within thirty days immediately preceding such next election, in which case a governor shall be chosen at the second succeeding election for members of the legislature. When a vacancy happens, during the recess of the legislature, in any office which is to be filled by the governor and senate, or by the legislature in joint meeting, the governor shall fill such vacancy, and the commission shall expire at the end of the next session of the legislature, unless a successor shall be sooner appointed : when a vacancy happens in the office of clerk or surrogate of any county, the governor shall fill such vacancy, and the commission shall expire when a successor is elected and qualified.

13. In case of the impeachment of the governor, his absence from the state, or inability to discharge the duties of his office, the powers, duties, and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate, and in case of his death, resignation, or removal, then upon

the speaker of the house of assembly, for the time being, until the governor, absent or impeached, shall return, or be acquitted, or until the disqualification or inability shall cease, or until a new governor be elected and qualified.

14. In case of a vacancy in the office of governor from any other cause than those herein enumerated, or in case of the death of the governor elect before he is qualified into office, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate, or speaker of the house of assembly, as above provided for until a new governor be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VI.

JUDICIARY.

Section I.

1. The judicial power shall be vested in a court of errors and appeals in the last resort in all causes as heretofore; a court for the trial of impeachments, a court of chancery, a prerogative court, a supreme court, circuit courts and such inferior courts as now exist, and as may be hereafter ordained and established by law; which inferior courts the legislature may alter or abolish, as the public good shall require.

Section II.

1. The court of errors and appeals shall consist of the chancellor, the justices of the supreme court, and six judges, or a major part of them; which judges are to be appointed for six years.

2. Immediately after the court shall first assemble, the six judges shall arrange themselves in such manner that the seat of one of them shall be vacated every year, in order that thereafter one judge may be annually appointed.

3. Such of the six judges as shall attend the court

shall receive, respectively, a per diem compensation, to be provided by law.

4. The Secretary of State shall be the clerk of this court.

5. When an appeal from an order or decree shall be heard, the chancellor shall inform the court, in writing, of the reasons for his order or decree; but he shall not sit as a member, or have a voice in the hearing or final sentence.

6. When a writ of error shall be brought, no justice who has given a judicial opinion in the cause in favor of or against any error complained of, shall sit as a member, or have a voice on the hearing, or for its affirmance or reversal; but the reasons for such opinion shall be assigned to the court in writing.

Section III.

1. The house of assembly shall have the sole power of impeaching, by a vote of a majority of all the members; and all the impeachments shall be tried by the senate, the members, when sitting for that purpose, to be on oath or affirmation "truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence," and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members of the senate.

2. Any judicial officer impeached shall be suspended from exercising his office until his acquittal.

3. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and to disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, profit or trust under this state; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

4. The secretary of state shall be the clerk of this court.

Section IV.

1. The Court of Chancery shall consist of a chancellor.

2. The chancellor shall be the ordinary or surrogate general, and judge of the prerogative court.

3. All persons aggrieved by any order, sentence, or decree of the orphans' court, may appeal from the same or from any part thereof, to the prerogative court; but such order, sentence or decree shall not be removed into the supreme court, or circuit court, if the subject matter thereof be within the jurisdiction of the orphans' court.

4. The secretary of state shall be the register of the prerogative court, and shall perform the duties required of him by law in that respect.

Section V.

1. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and four associate justices. The number of associate justices may be increased or decreased by law, but shall never be less than two.

2. The circuit courts shall be held in every county of this state, by one or more of the justices of the supreme court, or a judge appointed for that purpose, and shall in all cases within the county, except in those of a criminal nature, have common law jurisdiction concurrent with the supreme court; and any final judgment of a circuit court may be docketed in the supreme court, and shall operate as a judgment obtained in the supreme court from the time of such docketing.

3. Final judgments in any circuit court may be brought by writ of error into the supreme court, or directly into the court of errors and appeals.

Section VI.

1. There shall be no more than five judges of the inferior court of common pleas in each of the counties in this state, after the terms of the judges of said court now in office shall terminate. One Judge for each county shall be appointed every year, and no more, except to fill vacancies, which shall be for the unexpired term only.

2. The commissions for the first appointments of judges of said court shall bear date and take effect on the first day of April next; and all subsequent commissions for judges of said court shall bear date and take effect on the first day of April in every successive year, except commissions to fill vacancies, which shall bear date and take effect when issued.

Section VII.

1. There may be elected under this constitution, two and not more than five, justices of the peace in each of the townships of the several counties of this state, and in each of the wards in cities that may vote in wards. When a township or ward contains two thousand inhabitants or less, it may have two justices; when it contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and not more than four thousand, it may have four justices; and when it contains more than four thousand inhabitants it may have five justices; *provided*, that whenever any township not voting in wards, contains more than seven thousand inhabitants, such township may have an additional justice for each additional three thousand inhabitants above four thousand.

2. The population of the townships in the several counties of the state and of the several wards shall be ascertained by the last preceding census of the United States, until the legislature shall provide by law, some other mode of ascertaining it.

ARTICLE VII.

APPOINTING POWER AND TENURE OF OFFICE.

Section I.

MILITIA OFFICERS.

1. The legislature shall provide by law for enrolling, organizing and arming the militia.

2. Captains, subalterns and non-commissioned officers shall be elected by the members of their respective companies.

3. Field officers of regiments, independent battalions and squadrons shall be elected by the commissioned officers of their respective regiments, battalions or squadrons.

4. Brigadier generals shall be elected by the field officers of their respective brigades.

5. Major generals shall be nominated by the governor and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

6. The legislature shall provide, by law, the time and manner of electing militia officers, and of certifying their election to the governor, who shall grant their commissions, and determine their rank, when not determined by law; and no commissioned officer shall be removed from office but by the sentence of a court martial pursuant to law.

7. In case the electors of subalterns, captains or field officers, shall refuse or neglect to make such elections, the governor shall have power to appoint such officers, and to fill all vacancies caused by such refusal or neglect.

8. Brigade inspectors shall be chosen by the field officers of their respective brigades.

9. The governor shall appoint the adjutant general, quartermaster general and all other militia officers whose appointment is not otherwise provided for in this constitution.

10. Major generals, brigadier generals, and commanding officers of regiments, independent battalions and squadrons, shall appoint the staff officers of their division, brigades, regiments, independent battalions and squadrons respectively.

Section II.

CIVIL OFFICERS.

1. Justices of the supreme court, chancellor, and judge of the court of errors and appeals, shall be nominated by the Governor and appointed by him with the advice and consent of the senate.

The justices of the supreme court and chancellor shall hold their offices for the term of seven years; shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during the term of their appointments; and they shall hold no other office under the government of this state or of the United States.

2. Judges of the court of common pleas shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly, in joint meeting.

They shall hold their offices for five years; but when appointed to fill vacancies they shall hold for the unexpired term only.

3. The state treasurer and the keeper and inspectors of the state prison shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly in joint meeting.

They shall hold their offices for one year, and until their successors shall be qualified into office.

4. The attorney general, prosecutors of the pleas, clerk of the supreme court, clerk of the court of chancery, and secretary of state, shall be nominated by the governor and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

5. The law reporter shall be appointed by the justices of the supreme court, or a majority of them; and the chancery reporter shall be appointed by the chancellor.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

6. Clerks and surrogates of counties shall be elected by the people of their respective counties, at the annual elections for members of the general assembly.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

7. Sheriffs and coroners shall be elected annually by the people of their respective counties, at the annual elections for members of the general assembly.

They may be re-elected until they shall have served three years, but no longer; after which three years must elapse before they can be again capable of serving.

8. Justices of the peace shall be elected by ballot at the annual meetings of the townships in the several counties of the state, and of the wards in cities that may vote in wards, in such manner and under such regulations as may be hereafter provided by law.

They shall be commissioned for the county, and their commission shall bear date and take effect on the first day of May next after their election.

They shall hold their offices for five years, but when elected to fill vacancies they shall hold for the unexpired term only; provided, that the commission of any justice of the peace shall become vacant upon his ceasing to reside in the township in which he was elected.

The first election for justices of the peace shall take place at the next annual town meetings of the townships in the several counties of the state and of the wards in cities that may vote in wards.

9. All other officers, whose appointments are not otherwise provided for by law, shall be nominated by the governor and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate, and shall hold their offices for the time prescribed by law.

10. All civil officers elected or appointed pursuant to the provisions of this constitution, shall be commissioned by the governor.

11. The term of office of all officers elected or appointed pursuant to the provisions of this constitution, except when herein otherwise directed, shall commence on the day of the date of their respective commissions; but no commission for any office shall bear date prior to the expiration of the term of the incumbent of said office.

ARTICLE VIII.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

1. The secretary of state shall be ex officio an auditor of the accounts of the treasurer, and, as such, it shall be his duty to assist the legislature in the annual examina-

tion and settlement of said accounts, until otherwise provided by law.

2. The seal of the state shall be kept by the governor, or person administering the government, and used by him officially, and shall be called the great seal of the state of New Jersey.

3. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the state of New Jersey, sealed with the great seal, signed by the governor, or person administering the government, and countersigned by the secretary of state, and it shall run thus: "The State of New Jersey to ———, greeting." All writs shall be in the name of the state, and all indictments shall conclude in the following manner, viz: "against the peace of this state, the government and dignity of the same."

4. This constitution shall take effect and go into operation on the second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

ARTICLE IX.

AMENDMENTS.

Any specific amendment or amendments to the constitution may be proposed in the senate or general assembly, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislature then next to be chosen, and shall be published for three months previous to making such choice, in at least one newspaper of each county, if any be published therein; and if, in the legislature next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments, or any of them, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislature to submit such proposed amendment or amendments, or such of them as may have been agreed to as aforesaid by the two legislatures to the people, in such manner and at such time, at least

four months after the adjournment of the legislature, as the legislature shall prescribe; and if the people, at a special election to be held for that purpose only, shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, or any of them, by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislature voting thereon, such amendment or amendments so approved and ratified shall become a part of the constitution; *provided*, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately and distinctly; but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people by the legislature oftener than once in five years.

ARTICLE X.

SCHEDULE.

That no inconvenience may arise from the change in the constitution of this state, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared and ordained, that—

1. The common law and statute laws now in force, not repugnant to this constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the legislature; and all writs, actions, causes of action, prosecutions, contracts, claims and rights of individuals and of bodies corporate, and of the state, and all charters of incorporation, shall continue, and all indictments which shall have been found, or which may hereafter be found, for any crime or offence committed before the adoption of this constitution, may be proceeded upon as if no change had taken place. The several courts of law and equity, except as herein otherwise provided, shall continue, with the like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted.

2. All officers now filling any office or appointment shall continue in the exercise of the duties thereof, ac-

cording to their respective commissions or appointments, unless by this constitution it is otherwise directed.

3. The present governor, chancellor and ordinary or surrogate general, and treasurer shall continue in office until successors, elected or appointed under this constitution shall be sworn or affirmed into office.

4. In case of death, resignation or disability of the present governor, the person who may be vice president of council at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall continue in office and administer the government until a governor shall have been elected and sworn or affirmed into office under this constitution.

5. The present governor, or in case of his death or inability to act, the vice president of council, together with the present members of the legislative council, and secretary of state, shall constitute a board of state canvassers, in the manner now provided by law, for the purpose of ascertaining and declaring the result of the next ensuing election for governor, members of the house of representatives, and electors of president and vice president.

6. The returns of the votes for governor, at the said next ensuing election, shall be transmitted to the secretary of state, the votes counted, and the election declared in the manner now provided by law in the case of the election of electors of president and vice president.

8. The election of clerks and surrogates, in those counties where the term of office of the present incumbent shall expire previous to the general election of eighteen hundred and forty five, shall be held at the general election next ensuing the adoption of this constitution, the result of which election shall be ascertained in the manner now provided by law for the election of sheriffs.

8. The elections for the year eighteen hundred and fourty-four shall take place as now provided by law.

9. It shall be the duty of the governor to fill all vacancies in office happening between the adoption of this constitution and the first session of the senate, and not

otherwise provided for ; and the commissions shall expire at the end of the first session of the senate, or when successors shall be elected or appointed and qualified.

10. The restriction of the pay of members of the legislature, after forty days from the commencement of the session, shall not be applied to the first legislature convened under this constitution.

11. Clerks of counties shall be clerks of the inferior courts of common pleas and quarter sessions of the several counties, and perform the duties and be subject to the regulations now required of them by law, until otherwise ordained by the legislature.

12. The legislature shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

Done in convention, at the State House, in Trenton, on the twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the sixty-eighth.

ALEXANDER WURTS,

President of the Convention.

WILLIAM PATERSON, *Secretary.*

TH. J. SAUNDERS, *Assistant Secretary.*

[*Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the
State of New Jersey.*]

ARTICLE I.

RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.

Insert as paragraph 19, a new paragraph, as follows :

“ 19. No county, city, borough, town township or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit, to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become security for, or be directly or indirectly the owner of, any stock or bonds of any association or corporation.”

Insert as paragraph 20, a new paragraph, as follows :

“ 20. No donation of land or appropriation of money shall be made by the State or any municipal corporation to or for the use of any society, association or corporation whatever ”

Change the number of present paragraph 19 to No 21

ARTICLE II.

RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

Section I.

Strike out the word “ white ” between the word “ every ” and the word “ male ” in the first line.

Add to the paragraph the following :

“ And provided further, that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district ; and the Legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which, and the time and place at which, such absent electors may vote, and for the

return and canvass of their votes in the election districts in which they respectively reside."

Section II.

Strike out all of the second section after the word "bribery."

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

Section I.

Paragraph 3—Strike out the word "second Tuesday of October," and insert in lieu thereof the words "first Tuesday after the first Monday in November."

Section IV.

Paragraph 7—Strike out the following words :

"A compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the State ; which compensation shall not exceed the sum of three dollars per day for the period of forty days from the commencement of the session, and shall not exceed the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day for the remainder of the session. When convened in extra session by the Governor they shall receive such sum as shall be fixed for the first forty days of the ordinary session. They shall also receive the sum of one dollar for every ten miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting on the most usual route,"

—and insert in lieu thereof the following :

"Annually the sum of five hundred dollars during the time for which they shall have been elected, and while they shall hold their office, and no other allowance or emolument, directly or indirectly, for any purpose whatever."

Also strike out the words "per diem"

Section VII.

Paragraph 4—Add to the paragraph the following:

“No law shall be revived or amended by reference to its title only but the act revived, or the section or sections amended, shall be inserted at length. No general law shall embrace any provision of a private, special or local character. No act shall be passed which shall provide that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be made or deemed a part of the act, or which shall enact that any existing law, or any part thereof shall be applicable, except by inserting it in such act.”

Paragraph 6—Insert the word “free” between the word “public” and the word “schools.” and add to the paragraph the following:

“The Legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of free public schools for the instruction of all the children in this State between the ages of five and eighteen years

Strike out paragraph 8 as follows:

“8. The assent of three-fifths of the members elected to each house shall be requisite to the passage of every law for granting, continuing, altering, amending, or renewing charters for banks or money corporations; and all such charters shall be limited to a term not exceeding twenty years.”

Change the number of the present paragraph 9 to 8.

Insert as paragraph 9, a new paragraph, as follows:

“9. No private, special, or local bill shall be passed unless public notice of the intention to apply therefor, and of the general object thereof, shall have been previously given. The Legislature, at the next session after the adoption thereof, and from time to time thereafter, shall prescribe the time and mode of giving such notice, the evidence thereof, and how such evidence shall be preserved.”

Insert as paragraph 11, a new paragraph, as follows:

“11. The Legislature shall not pass private, local or special laws in any of the following enumerated cases, that is to say:

“Laying out, opening, altering and working roads or highways.

“Vacating any road, town plot, street, alley or public grounds.

“Regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties; appointing local offices or commissions to regulate municipal affairs.

“Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

“Creating, increasing or decreasing the percentage or allowance of public officers during the term for which said officers were elected or appointed.

“Changing the law of descent.

“Granting to any corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

“Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

“Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

“Providing for the management and support of free and public schools.

“The Legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this paragraph, and for all other cases which, in its judgement may be provided for by general laws. The Legislature shall pass no special act conferring corporate powers, but they shall pass general laws under which corporations may be organized and corporate powers of every nature obtained, subject, nevertheless, to repeal or alteration at the will of the Legislature.”

Insert as paragraph 12, a new paragraph, as follows :

“12. Property shall be assessed for taxes under general laws, and by uniform rules, according to its true value.”

Section VIII,

Insert as paragraph 2, a new paragraph, as follows :

“2. Every officer of the Legislature shall, before he enters upon his duties, take and subscribe the following

oath or affirmation : ‘ I do solemnly promise and swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully, impartially and justly perform all the duties of the office of——, to the best of my ability and understanding ; that I will carefully preserve all records, papers, writings or property entrusted to me for safe keeping by virtue of my office, and make such disposition of the same as may be required by law.”

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

Paragraph 6--After the word “ Legislature,” where it occurs first in said paragraph, insert the words “ or the Senate alone.”

Paragraph 7—Add to the paragraph the following :

“ If any bill presented to the Governor contains several items of appropriations of money, he may object to one or more of such items while approving of the other portions of the bill. In such case he shall append to the bill, at the time of signing it, a statement of the items to which he objects, and the appropriation so objected to shall not take effect. If the Legislature be in session he shall transmit to the house in which the bill originated a copy of such statement, and the items objected to shall be separately reconsidered. If, on reconsideration, one or more of such items be approved by a majority of the members elected to each house, the same shall be a part of the law, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor. All the provisions of this section in relation to bills not approved by the Governor, shall apply to cases in which he shall withhold his approval from any item or items contained in a bill appropriating money.”

Paragraph 8—Add to the paragraph the following :

“ Nor shall he be elected by the Legislature to any office under the government of this State or of the United States, during the term for which he shall have been elected governor.”

ARTICLE VII.

APPOINTING POWER AND TENURE OF OFFICE.

Section I.

MILITIA OFFICERS.

Paragraph 5—After the words “major generals,” insert the words “the adjutant general and quartermaster general.”

Paragraph 9—Strike out the words “the adjutant general, quartermaster general and.”

Also strike out the word “other.”

Section II.

CIVIL OFFICERS.

Paragraph 1—Strike out the word “and” (where it occurs first) in the paragraph and insert after the word “appeals” the following words: “judges of the inferior court of common pleas.”

Change the number of present paragraph 3 to number 2, and strike therefrom the following words: “and the keeper and inspectors of the state prison;” and insert in lieu thereof the words “and comptroller”

Also, strike out the words “one year” in the second clause of paragraph 2 of section 2, and insert in lieu thereof the words “three years.”

Change the number of present paragraph 4 to number 3, and strike out the word “and” where it occurs between the word “chancery” and the word “secretary.”

Also, insert after the word “state” the words: “and the keeper of the state prison.”

Change the number of present paragraph 5 to No. 4.

Change the number of present paragraph 6 to No. 5.

Change the number of present paragraph 7 to number 6, and strike therefrom the words “annually,” “annual,” and “they may be re-elected until they shall serve three years, but no longer.” Insert after the word “assembly” the following words: “and they shall hold their offices

for three years," and add to the paragraph the following words: "sheriffs shall annually renew their bonds."

Change the number of present paragraph 8 to No. 7.

Change the number of present paragraph 9 to No. 8

Change the number of present paragraph 10 to No. 9.

Change the number of present paragraph 11 to number 10.

Chronological List of Governors of New Jersey.

Governors of East Jersey.

Phillip Carteret, 1665 to 1681.
 Robert Barclay, 1682 to 1685.
 Thomas Rudyard, Deputy Governor, 1683.
 Gawen Laurie, 1683.
 Lord Niel Campbell, 1685.
 Andrew Hamilton, 1692 to 1697.
 Jeremiah Basse, 1698 to 1699.

Governors of West Jersey.

Samuel Jennings, Deputy, 1681.
 Thomas Oliver, Governor, 1684 to 1685.
 John Skein, Deputy, 1685 to 1687.
 William Welsh, Deputy, 1686.
 Daniel Coxe, Governor, 1687.
 Andrew Hamilton, 1692 to 1697.
 Jeremiah Basse, Deputy, 1697 to 1699.
 Andrew Hamilton, Governor 1699 till surrender to the crown 1702.

East and West Jersey united.

John Lord Cornbury, Governor from 1703 to 1708.
 John Lovelace 1708. Died in office.
 Richard Ingolsby, Lieutenant Governor 1709 to 1710.
 Gen. Andrew Hunter, 1710 to 1720.
 William Burnet, 1720 to 1727.
 John Montgomerie, 1728 to 1731.
 Lewis Morris, 1731 to 1732.
 William Crosby, 1732 to 1736.
 John Hamilton, 1736 to 1738.

The above were also Governors of New York at the same time.

Separate from New York.

Lewis Morris, 1738 to 1746.
 John Hamilton, 1746 to 1747.
 Jonathan Belcher, 1747 to 1757.
 John Reading, 1757 to 1758.
 Francis Barnard, 1758 to 1760.
 Thomas Boone, 1760 to 1761.
 Thomas Hardy, 1761 to 1763.
 William Franklin, 1763 to 1766.

Revolutionary and State Government.

William Livingston, 1776 to 1790.
 William Paterson, 1790 to 1792.
 Richard Howell, 1792 to 1801.
 John Lambert, Vice-President of Council, 1802 to 1803.
 Joseph Bloomfield, 1803 to 1812.
 Aaron Ogden, 1812 to 1813.
 William S. Pennington, 1813 to 1815.
 Mahlon Dickerson, 1815 to 1817.
 Isaac H. Williamson, 1817 to 1829.
 Garret D. Wall, 1829, declined.
 Peter D. Vroom, 1829 to 1832.
 Samuel L. Southward, 1832 to Feb. 1833.

Elias P. Seeley, 1833 to 1834.
Peter D. Vroom, 1835 to 1836.
Philemon Dickerson, 1836 to 1837.
William Pennington, 1837 to 1843.
Daniel Haines, 1843 to 1844.

New Constitution.

Charles C. Stratton, 1845 to 1848.
Daniel Haines, 1848 to 1851.
George F. Fort, 1851 to 1851.
Rodman M. Price, 1854 to 1857.
William A. Newell, 1857 to 1860.
Charles S. Olden, 1860 to 1863.
Joel Parker, 1863 to 1866.
Marcus L. Ward, 1866 to 1869.
Theodore F. Randolph, 1869 to 1872.
Joel Parker, 1872 to 1875.
Joseph D. Bedle, 1875.

SENATE.

RULES ADOPTED 1874.

President.—1. The President shall take the chair at the time appointed, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistake therein may be corrected.

2. He shall not engage in any debate without leave of the Senate, except so far as shall be necessary for regulating the form of proceeding. (Rule 6.)

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting.

4. He shall, on all occasions, preserve the strictest order and decorum. (Rules 8, 43, 53.)

5. When two or more Senators shall rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

6. He shall have the right to name a Senator to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond one day.

7. He shall decide every question of order without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and he may call for the sense of the Senate upon any question of order.

8. He shall cause all persons to be arrested or removed from the Senate Chamber who shall interrupt the proceedings of the Senate, or conduct themselves improperly in the lobby or gallery. (Rule 53.)

Quorum.—9. A majority of the members of the Senate shall constitute a quorum; and whenever a less number than a quorum shall convene at a regular meeting, and shall adjourn, the names of those present shall be entered on the journal.

10. Whenever a less number than a quorum shall convene at any regular meeting, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent Senators.

Order of Business.—11. After the President has taken the Chair, the order of business shall be as follows:

I. Prayer.

II. Calling the roll.

III. Reading the Journal.

- IV. Presentation and reference of petitions and memorials.
- V. Reports of Committees.
 - 1. Standing Committees (in accordance with Rule 13.
 - 2. Select Committees.
- VI. Unfinished business.
- VII. Introduction of bills.
- VIII. Senate bills on second reading.
- IX. Senate bills on third reading.
- X. Assembly bills on second reading.
- XI. Assembly bills on third reading.

Committees.—12. All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate. (Rule 34.)

13. The following Standing Committees, consisting of three members each, shall be appointed at the commencement of each session, until otherwise ordered, with leave to report by bill or otherwise :

A Committee on the Judiciary.

A Committee on the Revision and Amendment of the Laws.

A Committee on Finance.

A Committee on Corporations.

A Committee on Municipal Corporations.

A Committee on Railroads, Canals and Turnpikes.

A Committee on Banks and Insurance Companies.

A Committee on Education.

A Committee on the Militia.

A Committee on Agriculture.

A Committee on Miscellaneous Business.

A Committee on Elections.

A Committee on Claims and Pensions.

A Committee on Unfinished Business.

A Committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be to examine all bills and joint resolutions before they shall be put upon their third reading, and who shall report the same to the Senate, and the Secretary shall enter upon the journal that the same have been correctly engrossed.

Special Committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate

The following Committees, of two members each, (except the Committee on Federal Relations, Soldiers' Home, and Soldiers' Children's Home—which shall consist of three members each), shall be also appointed to act conjointly with corresponding Committees to be appointed by the House of Assembly:

A Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts.

A Committee on the State Prison.

A Committee on the Lunatic Asylum.

A Committee on the Library.
A Committee on Public Buildings.
A Committee on Printing.
A Committee on Passed Bills.
A Committee on Commerce and Navigation.
A Committee on Federal Relations.
A Committee on the Soldiers' Home.
A Committee on Soldiers' Children's Home
A Committee on Reform School for Boys.
A Committee on Sinking Fund.

Bills and Joint Resolutions.—14. When a memorial or bill is referred to a committee, praying or providing for an act of incorporation, or for any other act, notice of the application for which is required by law to be previously advertised, the Committee shall not have leave to report such bill unless satisfactory evidence has been presented to the Committee that the application for such act has had a *bona fide* advertisement according to law; and all Committees reporting such bills referred to them shall certify to the Senate that such proof has been presented and is deemed satisfactory.

15. The titles of all bills and such parts thereof only as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be entered on the journal.

16. When leave is asked to bring in a bill, its title shall be read for the information of the Senate, and if objected to it shall be laid over for one day; and all public bills and joint resolutions shall, after the first reading, be printed for the use of the Senate; but no other paper or document shall be printed without special order, except private bills, as provided by Rule 17.

17. No private bill shall be read a second time, unless printed copies thereof, procured by the applicants, shall be in possession of the Senate.

18. All bills and special reports of Committees shall be numbered by the Secretary as they are severally introduced, and a list made of the same, and such bills and reports shall be called up by the President for consideration in the order in which they are reported and stand upon the calendar, unless otherwise ordered; and the Secretary shall read from the said list or calendar, and not from the file of bills or reports.

19. No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been ordered to a second reading, after which it may be referred to a Committee.

20. All bills may be made the order for a particular day, and public bills, when called for shall have the preference of private bills; and when two or more bills shall be called

for by Senators, they shall be taken up according to their seniority, reckoning from the date of their introduction. (Rule 56.)

21. The consent of a majority of the Senators present shall be sufficient to engross or re-engross any bill or joint resolution ; but no bill or joint resolution shall pass unless there shall be a majority of all the Senators personally present and agreeing thereto ; and the yeas and nays of Senators voting on the final passage of any bill or joint resolution, shall be entered on the journal ; and the like entry on any other question shall be made at the desire of any Senator.

22. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three readings previous to its being passed ; and the President shall give notice at each reading, whether it be the first, second or third ; which readings shall be on three different days.

23. The final question upon the second reading of every bill or joint resolution originating in the Senate, shall be whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time ; and no amendment shall be received at the third reading, unless by unanimous consent of the Senators present ; but it shall be in order, before the final passage of any such bill or joint resolution, to move its recommitment ; and should such recommitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the Committee, the said bill or resolution shall be again read a second time and considered, and the aforesaid question again put.

24. All bills ordered to be engrossed shall be executed in a fair, round hand.

25. When a bill or joint resolution shall have been lost, and reconsidered and lost again, the same shall not again be reconsidered, but by the unanimous consent of the Senate.

26. Bills and joint resolutions, when passed by the Senate, shall be signed by the President.

27. When a Senate bill or joint resolution shall have been passed, the same shall be signed, taken to the House of Assembly, and its concurrence therein requested, without a motion for that purpose.

28. When a bill or resolution passed by the Senate shall be carried to the House of Assembly, all papers and documents relating thereto on the files of the Senate, shall be carried by the Secretary, with such bill or resolution, to the House of Assembly.

Motions and their Precedence.—29. When a motion shall be made, it shall be reduced to writing by the President or any Senator, and delivered to the Secretary at his table, and read before the same shall be debatable.

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30. All motions entered on the journal of the Senate shall be entered in the names of the Senators who make them.

31. If the question in debate contains several points, any Senator may have the same divided; but a motion to strike out and insert, or to commit with instructions, shall not be divided, (Rule 49.)

32. The rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition, shall not prevent a motion to strike out and insert a different proposition, nor prevent a subsequent motion simply to strike out; nor shall the rejection of a motion simply to strike out, prevent a subsequent motion to strike out and insert.

33. On filling blanks the question shall be first taken on the largest sum, the greatest number, and the most distant day.

34. When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a Select Committee and to a Standing Committee, the question of reference to a Standing Committee shall be put first.

35. When a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received but—

1. To adjourn. (Rules 36, 37.)
2. To proceed to the consideration of Executive business.
3. To lay on the table, (Rules 37, 39.)
4. To postpone indefinitely. (Rule 39.)
5. To postpone to a certain day. (Rule 39.)
6. To commit. (Rule 39.)
7. To amend. (Rules 38, 39.)

Which several motions have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged. (Rule 37.)

36. The motion to adjourn, or to fix a day to which the Senate shall adjourn, shall always be in order, except when a vote is being taken or while a Senator is addressing the Senate.

37. The motion to adjourn, to proceed to the consideration of Executive business, and to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

38. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and, if carried, shall be equivalent to its rejection.

39. When a motion shall have been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any Senator, who voted on the prevailing side, to move a reconsideration thereof, on the same or next succeeding day of actual session; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment or motion upon which the vote was taken, announcing their decision, shall have gone from the

possession of the Senate ; and they shall not pass from the possession of the Senate until the expiration of the time in which a reconsideration is permitted ; and every motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes ; except a motion to reconsider the vote on the final passage of a bill or joint resolution, which shall require the same majority as is necessary for their final passage.

Members.—40. The seats within the bar shall be reserved exclusively for the Senators, the officers of the Senate, and the reporters of the press, who may have seats assigned them.

41. No Senator shall speak in any debate without rising, nor more than three times on any subject of debate, unless he shall first obtain leave of the Senate.

42. Every Senator, in speaking, shall address the President, confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

43. Any Senator may change his vote before the decision of the question shall have been announced by the Chair.

44. No Senator shall have his vote recorded on any question, when the yeas and nays are called, unless he shall be present to answer to his name.

Messages.—45. All messages shall be sent to the House of Assembly by the Secretary, under the direction of the President, as a standing order, without a vote thereon.

46. Messages may be delivered at any stage of business except when a vote is being taken.

47. When a message shall be sent from the Governor or House of Assembly to the Senate, it shall be announced at the door by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Senate Bills in the House.—48. When an amendment made in the Senate to a bill from the House of Assembly shall be disagreed to by that House, and not adhered to by the Senate, the bill shall be considered as standing on a third reading.

49. An amendment of the House of Assembly to a Senate bill shall not be divisible.

50. In case of disagreement between the Senate and House of Assembly, the Senate may either *recede, insist, and ask a conference or adhere*, and motions for such purposes shall take precedence in that order.

51. When a Senate bill shall be returned, amended by the House of Assembly, the sections of the bill so amended, together with the amendments, shall be read by the Secretary for a first reading, and be entitled to a second reading, without special motion, at which reading the proposed amendments shall be open to the action of the Senate.

(Rule 50.) And if, at its third reading, upon the question being put by the President, "Will the Senate concur in the House amendment to Senate bill, No. —?" a majority of the whole Senate should, by a vote of ayes and nays, so concur, the question shall then be upon ordering the bill to be re-engrossed. If so ordered, the bill shall be re-engrossed, the amendments embodied therein, and the re-engrossed bill examined and reported by the Committee on Engrossed bills, and read in open Senate, to the end that it may be known to be correctly engrossed, and shall be then signed and certified as other bills.

Disorder.—52. In case of any disturbance in the gallery or lobby, the President shall have power to order the same to be cleared.

53. The Sergeant-at-arms shall aid in the enforcement of order, under the direction of the President.

54. No Senator in speaking shall mention a Senator then present by his name.

Special Orders.—55. When the hour shall have arrived for the consideration of a special order, the same shall be taken up, and the Senate shall proceed to consider it, unless it shall be postponed by the Senate.

56. The unfinished business in which the Senate shall have been engaged at the last preceding adjournment, shall have the preference in the special orders of the day. (Rule 20.)

Secret Session—57. On a motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a Senator, require secrecy, the President shall direct the Chamber to be cleared, and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut.

Rules.—58. No standing rule or order of the Senate shall be suspended unless by the consent of two-thirds of the Senators elected, nor rescinded or amended but by the same number, and one day's notice shall be given of the motion for rescission or amendment.

Executive Session.—59. When nominations shall be made by the Governor to the Senate, they shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate, be referred to appropriate Committees; and the final question on every nomination shall be, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this nomination?" which question shall not be put on the same day on which the nomination is received, nor on the day on which it may be reported by a Committee, unless by the unanimous consent of the Senate.

60. When acting on Executive business, the Senate shall be cleared of all persons except the Senators and Secretary.

61. All information or remarks concerning the character

or qualifications of any person nominated by the Governor to office, shall be kept a secret.

62. The Legislative and Executive proceedings of the Senate shall be kept in separate and distinct books.

63. All nominations approved by the Senate, or otherwise definitely acted on, shall be transmitted by the Secretary to the Governor, with the determination of the Senate thereon, from day to day, as such proceeding may occur; but no further extract from the Executive journal shall be furnished, published, or otherwise communicated, except by special order of the Senate.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

RULES ADOPTED, 1874.

Of the Meeting of the House.—1. Any member or members less than a quorum may meet and adjourn the House from day to day, when necessary.

2. Every member shall attend in his place precisely at the hour to which the House was last adjourned; and in case of neglect he shall be subject to a reprimand from the Chair, unless excused by the House; nor shall any member absent himself from the House for more than the space of a quarter of an hour without leave previously obtained.

3. In case a less number of members than a quorum shall be present after the arrival of the hour to which the House stood adjourned, they are hereby authorized to send their Sergeant-at-arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, with a warrant duly executed, for any and all absent members, as the majority of such as are present may agree, and at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be rendered as the House, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient. Immediately after the appointment of the Standing Committees, the members shall arrange among themselves their several seats appropriated to their counties; and in case of disagreement the same shall be decided by lot.

Of the Duties of the Speaker.—4. He shall take the chair at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned, and immediately call the members to order; and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read, which may then be corrected by the House.

5. He shall preserve order and decorum, and in debate shall prevent personal reflections, and confine members to the question under discussion; but he shall not engage in any debate, nor propose his opinion on any question, without first calling on some member to occupy the chair. When two or more members rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

6. He shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House, when demanded by any four members, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once unless by leave of the House.

7. All questions before the House shall be stated by the Speaker, and distinctly put in the following form, to-wit: "As many as are in favor of (the question) will say aye;" and after the affirmative is expressed, "those of a contrary opinion, no." If the Speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the House shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative; and in case of an equal division the Speaker shall decide.

8. All Committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House.

9. All acts, addresses and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker; and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by the order of the House shall be under his hand and seal and attested by the Clerk. If the Speaker be absent a less number of members than a quorum may appoint a Speaker *pro tempore*, who may sign any warrants or perform any act requisite to bring in absent members.

10. He shall have a general direction of the Hall, and he may name a member to perform the duties of the Chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond a second adjournment.

Of the Order of Business.—II. After the reading of the journal, the business of the first meeting of each day shall be conducted in the following manner, to-wit:

I. Letters, petitions, and memorials, remonstrances and accompanying documents may be presented and disposed of.

II. Reports of Committees may be read.

III. Original resolutions may be offered and considered; items of unfinished business referred; motions to reconsider and to appoint additional members of Committees made; and leave of absence, leave to withdraw documents and leave to introduce bills asked.

Leave for Bills and to Introduce Bills.—IV. Bills and joint resolutions on a third reading may be taken up.

V. The House shall then proceed in the order of the day, preference being always given to the unfinished business of the previous sitting; after which bills and joint resolutions of a second reading shall be taken in their order; and the House, in its afternoon session, will proceed to business as though there had been no adjournment of its morning session, excepting that original resolutions and leave to introduce bills of Committees be the first business in the

afternoon session; and shall, on demand of the majority, proceed with the order of the day.

12. The Clerk shall make a list of all public bills and joint resolutions. He shall keep a separate calendar of private bills. No bills for granting, continuing, altering, amending or renewing a charter for any corporation other than a municipal corporation shall be placed on the calendar of public bills. All bills, public and private, shall be numbered according to time of their introduction into the House. They shall be taken up and considered in the order of time in which they were reported, or ordered to a third reading, as appears by the calendar; and the calendar shall be proceeded in until all the bills thereon are called up before the commencement of the calendar anew.

13. All messages shall be sent from this House to the Senate by the Clerk.

Of Decorum and Debate.—14. When a member is about to speak in debate, or communicate any matter to the House, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to the Speaker, confining himself to the question under debate, and avoiding personality.

15. If any member in debate transgresses the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any member may, call him to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain. The House shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to. If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, he shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, he shall not be permitted to proceed without leave of the House; and if the case require it, he shall be liable to the censure of the House.

16. If a member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling him to order shall repeat the words excepted to, and they shall be taken down in writing at the Clerk's table; and no member shall be held to answer, or be subject to the censure of the House, for words spoken in debate, if any other member has spoken, or other business has intervened after the words spoken, and before exception to them shall have been taken.

17. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the House.

18. While the speaker is putting any question, or addressing the House, none shall walk out of or across the hall nor in such case or when a member is speaking, shall any one entertain private discourse, nor shall any one, while a member is speaking, pass between him and the Chair.

19. No member shall vote on any question in the event of which he is particularly interested, nor in any case where

he was not within the bar of the House when the question was put.

20. Every member who shall be in the House when the question is put shall give his vote, unless the House for special reasons, shall excuse him. All motions to excuse a member from voting shall be made before the House divides, or before the call of the yeas and nays is commenced ; any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief verbal statement of the reasons for such request ; and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

21. Petitions, memorials, and other papers addressed to the House shall be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place. A brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made by the introducer, and, if called upon, he shall declare that it does not, in his opinion, contain any indecent or reproachful language, or any expressions of disrespect to the House, or any Committee of the same.

22. It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms at all times not to allow any person to smoke in the Assembly Chamber.

On Motions —23. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the speaker, or any member desire it.

24. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or, being in writing, it shall be handed to the Chair and read aloud by the Clerk, when it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the House and open to debate ; but it may be withdrawn at any time before a decision or amendment.

25. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received, but—

1. To adjourn.
2. A call of the House.
3. To lay on the table.
4. For the previous question.
5. To postpone indefinitely.
6. To postpone to a day certain.
7. To go into a Committee of the Whole on the pending subject immediately.
8. To commit to a Committee of the Whole.
9. To commit to a Standing Committee.
10. To commit to a Select Committee.
11. To amend.

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are stated, and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

26. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill or joint resolution, shall have precedence of a motion to

amend, and if carried shall be considered equivalent to its rejection.

27. A motion to adjourn shall be always in order, except when the house is voting, or while a member is addressing the House, or immediately after the question to adjourn has been negatived; that, and the motion to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

28. Any member may call for a division of the question, which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so distinct that one being taken away from the rest may stand entire for the decision of the house; a motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

29. When any motion shall be made and seconded, the same shall at the request of any two members, be entered on the Journal of the House.

30. When a motion has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member who voted with the prevailing party to move for the reconsideration thereof on the same day, or on the next day of actual session of the House thereafter; all motions may be reconsidered, by a majority of the members present; but bills, to be reconsidered, must have the same majority that would be necessary to pass them; and such vote on motion to reconsider shall be by taking the yeas and nays.

31. When a blank is to be filled, the question shall first be taken on the largest sum, or greatest number, and remotest day.

32. The yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal of the House, when moved for and seconded by five members; and in taking the yeas and nays the names of the members, including the Speaker, shall be called alphabetically.

33. The previous question shall be put in this form; "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be, if decided affirmatively, to put an end to all debate and bring the House to a direct vote upon amendments reported by a Committee, if any then upon pending amendments, and then upon the main question; if decided in the negative to leave the main question and amendments, if any, under debate for the residue of the sitting, unless sooner disposed of by taking the question, or in some other manner. All incidental questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

34. After the Clerk has commenced calling the yeas and

nays on any question, no motion shall be received until a decision has been announced by the Chair.

Of Committees.—35. The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the session, until otherwise ordered :

- A Committee on Ways and Means ;
- A Committee on the Judiciary ;
- A Committee on Agriculture ;
- A Committee on Education ;
- A Committee on Elections ;
- A Committee on Engrossed Bills ;
- A Committee on Municipal Corporations ;
- A Committee on the Militia ;
- A Committee on Claims and Revolutionary Pensions ;
- A Committee on Corporations ;
- A Committee on Banks and Insurances ;
- A Committee on Unfinished Business ;
- A Committee on Incidental Expenses ;
- A Committee on Stationery ;
- A Committee on Raparian Rights ;
- A Committee on Miscellaneous Subjects ;

Which several Committees shall consist of five members each.

Joint Committees.—The following Joint Committees, of five members each, shall also be appointed to act conjointly with corresponding committees to be appointed by the Senate.

- A Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts ;
- A Committee on the State Prison ;
- A Committee on Public Printing ;
- A Committee on the Library ;
- A Committee on the Lunatic Asylum ;
- A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings ;
- A Committee on Commerce and Navigation ;
- A Committee on Passed Bills ;
- A Committee on Federal Relations ;
- A Committee on Sinking Fund ;
- A Committee on Soldiers' Children's Home ;
- A Committee on Soldiers' Home at Newark ;
- A Committee on Reform School for Boys.

36. The several Standing Committees of the House shall have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

37. No Committee shall sit during the sitting of the House without special leave.

38. All Committees appointed at the first sitting shall continue to act during every subsequent sitting of the same Legislature, or until they have reported on the business committed to them, or have been discharged.

Of the Committee of the Whole House.—39. In forming a Committee of the Whole House, the Speaker shall leave his Chair, and a Chairman to preside in Committee shall be appointed by the Speaker.

40. The rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed, as far as practicable in Committee of the Whole, except that any member may speak oftener than twice on the same subject, but shall not speak a second time until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken; nor shall a motion for the previous question be made therein.

41. All amendments made in Committee of the Whole shall be noted by the Clerk, but need not be read by the Speaker on his resuming the Chair, unless required by the House.

On Bills and Joint Resolutions.—42. All bills and joint resolutions shall be introduced by motion for leave, or on the report of a Committee, and the member offering the same shall endorse his name on them, that the Committee may confer with him should they so desire.

43. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three separate readings in the House previous to its passage, but no bill or joint resolution shall be read twice on the same day without special order of the House,

44. All bills and joint resolutions, after the first reading, shall be referred to appropriate committees; and when reported, printed for the use of the members.

45. All bills and joint resolutions may be made the order of a particular day, on which day they shall be taken up in preference to others on the calendar; and the calendar of private bills shall not be taken up until the calendar of public bills shall have been gone through with.

46. All bills and joint resolutions, previous to their final passage by the House, all petitions, motions and reports, may be committed at the pleasure of the House.

47. All bills and joint resolutions ordered to be engrossed, shall be executed in a fair round hand, and no amendment by way of rider shall be received to any bill or joint resolution on its third reading.

48. On a motion to strike out any item in the incidental bill, the question to be submitted to the House shall be: "Shall the item be retained in the bill?" and a majority of all the members of the House shall be necessary to adopt the same.

49. After the introduction of any private bill, the applicants for said bill shall, at their own expense, furnish the usual number of copies for the use of the members, unless the printing thereof be dispensed with by a special order of the House.

50. On the question of the final passage of all bills and joint resolutions, the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal of the House.

51. Whenever a bill or resolution that has passed the House shall be carried to the Senate, all papers and documents relating thereto, on the files of the House, shall be carried with such bill or resolution to the Senate.

Of Rules.—52. No standing rule or order of the House shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor; nor shall any rule be suspended except by a vote of the majority of the whole number of members of the House.

53. When an Assembly bill is returned amended by the Senate, the report thereof by the Secretary of the Senate shall be taken as the first reading, and the same be entitled to a second reading, without a motion for that purpose; after its second reading the question shall be: "Shall the Senate amendments to Assembly bill, No. —, have a third reading?" If ordered to a third reading, the amendments shall be read, but these readings shall be on different days; the question shall then be: "Will the House of Assembly concur in the Senate amendments to Assembly bill No. —?" upon which question the votes shall be by ayes and nays. If concurred in by a majority of the whole House, the bill shall be re-engrossed, the amendments embodied therein, and the re-engrossed bill examined and reported upon by the Committee on Engrossed Bills, and read in open Assembly, to the end that it may be known to be correctly engrossed, and then signed and certified as other bills.

54. Cushing's Manual shall in all cases when not in conflict with the rules adopted by the House, be considered and held as standard authority.

55. No person shall be allowed on the floor of the House during its sessions, except State officers and members and officers of the Senate, unless by written permission of the Speaker.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

SENATE AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

ADOPTED SESSION OF 1874.

1. In every case of an amendment of a bill agreed to in one House and dissented from in the other, if either House shall request a conference and appoint a Committee for that purpose, and the other House shall also appoint a Committee to confer, such Committee shall, at a convenient hour to be agreed on by their respective Chairmen, meet in conference, and state to each other, verbally or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective Houses for and against the amendment, and confer freely thereon.

2. After each House shall have adhered to their disagreement, a bill or resolution shall be lost.

3. When a bill or resolution which shall have passed in one House is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be sent to the House in which the same shall have passed.

4. Each House in which any bill or resolution shall have passed shall transmit therewith to the other House all papers and documents relating to the same.

5. When a message shall be sent from either House to the other, it shall be announced at the door of the House by the Doorkeeper, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it is sent.

6. After a bill shall have passed both houses, it shall be delivered by the Clerk of the Assembly, or the Secretary of the Senate, as the bill may have originated in one House or the other, to a joint Committee on Passed Bills, of two from each House, appointed as a Standing Committee for that purpose, and shall be presented by said Committee to the Governor for his approbation, it being first endorsed on the back of the bill, certifying in which House the same originated, which endorsement shall be signed by the Secretary or Clerk as the case may be, of the House in which the same did originate, and shall be entered on the Journal of each house. The said Committee shall report on the day of presentation to the Governor, which time shall also be carefully entered on the Journal of each House.

OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

1874.

SENATE.

Secretary of the Senate—JOHN F. BABCOCK.

Assistant Secretary of the Senate—JOHN W. NEWLIN.

Engrossing Clerk of the Senate—BENJAMIN F. WOOD.

Clerk of Committee on Engrossed Bills.—F. F. PATTERSON.

Journal Clerk of the Senate—GEO. WALKER JENKINS.

Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate—S. T. CHAMPION.

Calendar Clerks { AUG. S. BARBER, Jr.
 { S. P. SUYDAM.

Door Keeper—THOMAS PALMER.

Assistant Door Keepers— { JOHN E. COURTNEY,
 { JOHN GOODIN.

President's Private Secretary—WILLIAM H. WILSON.

Keeper of Gentlemen's Gallery—WM. SHIELDS.

Keeper of Ladies' Gallery—SPENCER EMMONS.

ASSEMBLY.

Clerk of Assembly—SINNICKSON CHEW.

Assistant Clerk of Assembly—M. H. HOUGHTON.

Engrossing Clerk of Assembly—EDWIN F. APPLGATE.

Assistant Engrossing Clerk of Assembly—M. B. MONROE.

Journal Clerk of Assembly—J. HERBERT POTTS.

Assistant Journal Clerk of Assembly—J. FRANK FORT.

Sergeant-at-Arms of Assembly—ALEX. JACOBUS.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms of Assembly—JOHN F. ISZARD.

Speaker's Private Secretary—JOSEPH K. WELLS.

Keeper of Gentlemen's Gallery—THOMAS PIERSON.

Keeper of Ladies' Gallery—HENRY SCHENCK.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.



FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN, of Newark, Republican, was born at Millstone, Somerset County, New Jersey, August 4, 1817, and is the nephew and adopted son of the late Theodore Frelinghuysen; graduated at Rutgers College in 1836; studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1839; was appointed attorney general of the State of New Jersey in 1861, and reappointed in 1866; was temporarily appointed United States Senator in 1866 in place of William Wright, deceased, and was elected in 1867 to fill the unexpired term, which terminated in 1869; was elected to the United States Senate to succeed A. G. Cattell, and took his seat March 4, 1871. His term of service will expire March 3, 1877.



JOHN P. STOCKTON, of Trenton, Democrat, was born in Princeton, New Jersey, Aug. 2, 1826; was graduated at Princeton College in 1843; was licensed to practice law in 1846; was called to the bar in 1848; appointed a commissioner to revise the laws of New Jersey; was subsequently reporter to the Court of Chancery, and published three volumes of equity reports, which bear his name; was appointed in 1858 minister resident at Rome and was recalled at his own request in 1861; elected a Senator in 1865 for the term ending in 1871; after holding the position for more than a year his election was declared by the Senate to have been informal, and he was unseated, and returned to New Jersey and the practice of his profession; was again elected Senator in the place of Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1869. His term of service will expire March 3, 1875.

GOVERNOR JOSEPH D. BEDLE.

JOSEPH DORSETT BEDLE was born at Mattawan, Monmouth county, January 3d, 1831. His ancestors emigrated to this country from Bermuda over 150 years ago. He graduated from the law school at Ballston, New York, and commenced the practice of law in the city of New York. In 1850 he entered the office of Hon. Wm. L. Dayton, at Trenton, was admitted to the New Jersey bar and commenced to practice his profession at Mattawan. In 1855 he removed to Freehold, and took a position as one of the ablest lawyers in the State. In 1861 Mr. Bedle married a daughter of Hon. Bennington F. Randolph, of Freehold. In March, 1865, he was appointed by Governor Parker a Judge of the Supreme Court, and was reappointed by Governor Parker to the same position in 1872. Judge Bedle was prominently mentioned for the gubernatorial nomination of 1871, and received a unanimous nomination at the Convention of 1874. He studiously refrained from entering into the campaign, holding that his position as Judge forbade him so doing. He received 97,283 votes against 84,050 for Hon. George A. Halsey, being a majority of 13,233.

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES.

First District.—Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem Counties.

CLEMENT H. SINNICKSON, Republican, of Salem, was born in the district which he represents Sept. 16th, 1834, and graduated from Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., in 1855. He then studied law under the Hon. Wm. L. Dayton at Trenton, and was admitted to the bar in 1858. Upon the breaking out of the war, Mr. Sinnickson enlisted in the Fourth New Jersey Regiment, and was elected Captain of his Company. After serving for the period for which he had enlisted, he returned to the practice of his profession in Salem, where he has since resided. Mr. Sinnickson comes of old Revolutionary stock, his great uncle, Thomas Sinnickson having been elected a member of the first Congress of the United States immediately after the adoption of the Constitution, and serving as such from 1789 to 1791, and again from 1797 to 1799. The uncle of the present Mr. Sinnickson was another Thomas Sinnickson who served in Congress from 1828 to 1830. As both of these gentlemen were from Salem, and represented the district of which that county is a part, the present Mr. Sinnickson is the third of the family who has been returned to Congress from Salem.

1872. John W. Hazleton, Rep., 15,312; Oscar Clute 8,948; maj., 6,364.

1874. C. H. Sinnickson, Rep., 14,209; C. Albertson, 13,019; maj., 1190.

Second District.—Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer and Ocean Counties.

SAMUEL A. DOBBINS, of Mount Holly, Republican, was born at Vincentown, Burlington County, and is now in the sixtieth year of his age. He was educated in the common schools of his neighborhood, and at an early period in life turned his attention to farming. He was elected Sheriff of Burlington county, and served a term of three years as such. He was elected a member of the Legislature in the lower House, and served during the sessions of '58-'59 and '60. Mr. Dobbins is well known as a man of sterling in-

tegrity, and as such has been entrusted with the executorship of many large estates.

1872. Samuel A. Dobbins, Rep., 14,192; S. C. Forker, 11,787; maj., 2,405.

1874. Samuel A. Dobbins, Rep., 13,977; A. J. Smith, 13,011; maj., 966.

Third District—Middlesex, Monmouth and Union Counties.

MILES ROSS, Dem., of New Brunswick, was born at Raritan, N. J., in 1828. He was for many years engaged with his father in the vessel business, but is at present a wholesale coal merchant, and is largely interested in vessel property. Mr. Ross has filled most of the local positions of his neighborhood, having been a chosen Freeholder of Middlesex county, Mayor of New Brunswick, and Representative for two years in the State Legislature. He is a Director of the State Bank of New Brunswick, and member of the Board of Commissioners on Streets and Sewers of the City of New Brunswick.

1872. Amos Clark, Jr., Rep., 14,794; J. H. Patterson 12,618; maj., 2170.

1874. Miles Ross, Dem., 15,622; Amos Clark, Jr., 13,629; maj., 2053.

Fourth District. — Hunterdon, Warren, Somerset and Sussex Counties.

ROBERT HAMILTON, of Newton, Democrat, was born at Hamburg, Sussex county, in 1811, and was a son of Gen. Benjamin Hamilton. He was admitted to the bar in 1830. He filled the position of Prosecutor of the Pleas of Sussex county for two terms. In 1863 and 1864 he was elected to the State Assembly and in the session of '64, in consequence of the death of Speaker Taylor, was elected to fill that vacancy. He was a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Sussex, and its Director for many years.

1872. Robt. Hamilton, Dem., 13,455. F. A. Potts, 10,994; maj., 2,464.

1874. Robt. Hamilton, Dem., 14,555; Charles Place, 9931; maj., 4,654.

Fifth District.—Morris, Passaic and Bergen Counties.

AUGUSTUS W. CUTLER, Dem., of Morristown, was born in that city, and is in the forty-sixth year of his age. He has always occupied a prominent position in his native

town and county, and is a lawyer of high standing; was a prosecutor of the pleas for Morris county; is one of the largest land owners in the State, and an active and ardent worker in the temperance cause, and in the rights of the State to lands under water. He is President of the Board of Education of Morristown, and is closely identified with educational interests. In 1871 Mr. Cutler was elected to the State Senate from Morris county, and filled that position in a most acceptable manner. He proved himself to be an earnest worker in the various committees upon which he served, as well as an able and fluent speaker. He would without doubt have been renominated by his party to the Senatorship, but the Congressional Convention unanimously calling upon him to be a candidate for Congress, he accepted the same, and was victorious in a district that has always given large majorities for the other side.

1872. Wm. Walter Phelps, Rep., 12,701; A. B. Woodruff, 9,986; maj., 2715.

1874. A. W. Cutler, Dem., 11,677; W. W. Phelps, 11,670; maj., 7.

Sixth District.—Essex County.

FREDERICK H. TEESE, Dem., of Newark, was born in the city of Newark October 21st, 1823. He was educated at Princeton College, from which he graduated in 1843. He then immediately commenced the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1846. Mr. Teese was elected to the State Legislature of 1860, and returned to that of 1861. In that session he was chosen Speaker of the House, and made an efficient presiding officer. In 1864 he was appointed Presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Essex county for five years, and was reappointed in 1869. In 1872, however, he resigned the judgeship for the purpose of resuming the practice of his profession.

1872. Marcus L. Ward, Rep., 16,061; J. M. Randall, 10,403; maj., 5658.

1874. F. H. Teese, Dem., 13,876; M. L. Ward, 13,768; maj., 108.

Seventh District.—Hudson County.

AUGUSTUS A. HARDENBERGH, Dem., of Jersey City, was born May 18, 1830, and is the fourth son of the late Cornelius L. Hardenbergh, L.L.D., of New Brunswick, a distinguished member of the bar of New Jersey, and for many years prominently connected with Rutgers College.

of which his grandfather, Rev. Jacob R. Hardenbergh, D.D., was the founder and first President. Mr. Hardenbergh entered Rutgers College in 1844, but was only enabled to continue his studies through the Freshman year, as he was called upon to act as amanuensis for his father, who had been stricken with blindness. In 1846 he entered a counting house in New York, and took up his residence in Jersey City. In 1852 he became connected with the Hudson County Bank, and was appointed in 1858 Cashier of that institution, a position of trust which he still occupies. When but 23 years of age, Mr. Hardenbergh was returned to the State Legislature from the strong Whig district of Jersey City, comprising the 1st, 2d and 3d wards of that city, and took a prominent part in the House for so young a member. In 1857-'58 he was elected an Alderman from the 2d Ward of Jersey City, and was re-elected in 1859-'60. In 1862 he was elected Alderman from the 1st Ward, and was chosen President of the Common Council. Upon his removal to the town of Bergen, he was elected a Councilman by an almost unanimous vote. In 1868 Mr. Hardenbergh removed to Bergen County, and was the Representative of the 4th Congressional District to the Baltimore Convention of 1872. In 1868 he was elected by the Legislature to the position of State Director of Railroads. In 1873 he removed back to Hudson county, and has since resided there. Mr. Hardenbergh, in the several responsible positions that he has filled has proved himself to be a cultivated, graceful and ready speaker, thoroughly alive to all the requirements of the hour, and is most deservedly held in high esteem by all that know him. He became a candidate for Congress only at the solicitation of many friends, and his election, when nominated, was generally conceded.

1872. I. W. Scudder, Rep., 10,377; N. D. Taylor; 9,108; maj., 1269

1874. A. A. Hardenbergh, Dem., 13,189; I. W. Scudder, 8,272; maj., 4,917.

STATE SENATORS.

ATLANTIC.

HOSEA F. MADDEN, Dem.; Tuckahoe. Pop. 14,163.

Senator Madden was born at Millville, Cumberland county, and is fifty-seven years of age. He is a merchant by occupation, and has resided in Atlantic county for over thirty years. He has been a chosen Freeholder for seventeen years, and Sheriff of the County for three years. During the war Mr. Madden was energetic in raising volunteers, and was appointed by the county as paymaster of the Bounty Fund.

1871. Moore, Rep., 1326; maj. 341; vote polled, 2311.

1874. Madden, Dem., 1299; maj., 61; vote polled, 2519.

BERGEN.

GEORGE DAYTON, Dem.; Rutherford Park. Pop. 31,033.

Senator Dayton was born at Westerlo, N. Y., and is in the forty-seventh year of his age. His ancestors emigrated from England in 1600, and settled on Long Island, where the family resided for nearly 200 years. Several branches of the family have from time to time settled in New Jersey, and have been of prominence and influence. Senator Dayton received a thorough English education, and in his 20th year became a clerk in a New York mercantile house. He is now a successful merchant. His brother, Hon. Jesse C. Dayton, now represents the thirteenth Senatorial district, which includes Albany county, in the New York Senate. Senator Dayton has always taken an active part in politics, and is a quick and ready speaker.

1871. Lydecker, Dem., 2,763; maj., 38; vote polled, 5,488.

1874. Dayton, Dem.; 3383; maj., 766; vote polled, 6000

BURLINGTON.

BARTON F. THORN, Rep.; Crosswicks. Pop. 53,774.

Senator Thorn was born where he now resides, the home

of his ancestors for over 100 years, and is in his fortieth year. He was educated at Haverford College, since which time he has been largely engaged in farming and stock raising. Is a practical surveyor, and has filled most of the local offices of his county, together with many other positions of trust. In the Legislature of 1874 Senator Thorn was Chairman of the Committees on Agriculture, Public Buildings, Industrial School for Girls, and a member of that on Elections.

1870. Irick, Rep., 5,607 ; maj., 155 ; vote polled, 11,059.

1873. Thorn, Rep., 4,940 ; maj., 337 ; vote polled, 9,968.

CAMDEN.

W. J. SEWELL, Rep.; Camden. Pop. 46,206.

Senator Sewell was born in Ireland, and is in the fortieth year of his age. He is at present the General Superintendent of the West Jersey R. R. General Sewell was mustered into the service as Captain of the 5th N. J. Regiment in August, 1861, and participated in all the engagements in which his regiment took part, down to the battle of Spottsylvania, in May, 1864. In the battle of Chancellorsville, General Mott being wounded, Sewell succeeded to the command of the brigade, and leading it forward at a critical moment achieved one of the grandest successes of the war, capturing eight colors from the enemy, and retaking the regimental standard of a New York regiment. At Gettysburg and elsewhere he also distinguished himself. He was twice wounded at Chancellorsville and Gettysburg. He was made Lieut. Colonel of the Fifth Regiment July, 1872, and Colonel in the following October. In September, 1864, Colonel Sewell, after a short interval of rest, made necessary by exposure, was made Colonel of the 38th Regiment, and returning with it to the field remained there until the Summer of 1865. He was made brevet Brigadier General of Volunteers, April 9th, 1866, "for gallant and meritorious conduct in the battle of Chancellorsville," and Major General by brevet at the close of the war for meritorious services. On the election of Governor Parker to the Gubernatorial chair, in 1872, the Governor at once appointed General Sewell a member of his personal staff, a position which he holds with his army rank in accordance with a special act of the Legislature. In the Legislature of 1874 Senator Sewell was chairman of the committees on "Soldiers' Children's Home," "Militia," "Riparian Rights," and "Centennial;" and a member of "Municipal Corporations," and "Revision of the Laws."

1869. Bettie, Rep., 3,631 ; maj., 429 ; vote polled, 6,958.

1872. Sewell, Rep., 5,022 ; maj., 2,983 ; vote polled, 7,399.

CAPE MAY.

RICHARD S. LEAMING, Rep., Dennisville. Pop. 8,529.

Mr. Leaming was born at Dennisville, where he now resides, and is in the forty-seventh year of his age. He is engaged in farming, and in building vessels for the coasting trade; has been a Chosen Freeholder of his county for the past eight years, and holds other public and private positions of importance and trust. He was first elected to the lower House in 1873, and served three terms. In the Legislature of 1874 Senator Leaming was chairman of the committees on "Library" and "Elections" and a member of "Agriculture" and "Engrossed Bills."

1870. Beesley, Rep., 939; maj., 399; vote polled, 1,479.

1873. Leaming, Rep., 557; maj., 520; vote polled, 1,254.

CUMBERLAND.

J. HOWARD WILLETS, Rep.; Port Elizabeth. Pop. 34,688.

Senator Willets was born in Cape May County, and is 39 years of age. He is a practising physician. In 1871 he was elected to the Assembly from the second District of Cumberland and again elected in 1872.

1871. Sheppard, Rep., 3,265; maj., 789; vote polled, 5,747.

1874. Willets, Rep., 3341; maj., 254; vote polled, 6428.

ESSEX.

JOHN W. TAYLOR, Rep.; Newark. Pop. 143,907.

Senator Taylor was born at Buckland, Mass., and was educated in that State. He was engaged in teaching first in his native State, and then at Morristown, N. J., and after studying law with the present Vice-Chancellor Dodd, was admitted to the bar in June, 1857. Mr. Taylor was elected a member of the Board of Education of the city of Newark from the Second Ward in October, 1869, was re-elected in 1871, and is chairman of the committee on High Schools. He has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Newark, and has been counsel to the Board of Chosen Freeholders for several years. In 1869 he was, without his seeking, nominated for Senator of the county, and was elected; and was again elected in 1872. In the session of 1873, Senator Taylor was unanimously elected President of the Senate, and made a most efficient officer.



John W. Taylor.

In the session of 1874 he was again unanimously chosen President, and filled the position in a manner entirely satisfactory to the Senate and highly creditable to himself. Mr. Taylor is in the forty-fifth year of his age, and is one of the first lawyers in standing in the State.

1869. Taylor, Rep., 10,530; majority, 258; vote polled, 20,802.

1872. Taylor, Rep., 15,423; maj., 4,532; vote polled, 26,314.

GLOUCESTER.

SAMUEL HOPKINS, Rep.; Woodbury. Pop. 21,527.

Senator Hopkins was born near Woodbury, where he now resides, is forty-two years of age, and is a farmer owning a fine property. He has been one of the chosen Freeholders of his county, and ran largely ahead of his ticket for the Senate. The ancestors of Mr. Hopkins were the first settlers of Haddonfield, and brought with them in the ship from England the bricks and other building materials to be used in erecting their houses. His grandfather was an officer during the revolution, and his grandmother was captured by the Hessians at Red Bank while attempting to escape. In the Legislature of 1874 Senator Hopkins was chairman of the committees on "Railroads" and "Lunatic Asylum," and member of "Fisheries" and "Claims and Pensions." He was re-elected in the election of 1872 to the Senate, and is now serving his second term.

1869. Hopkins, Rep., 1,990; maj., 592; vote polled, 3,388.

1872. Hopkins, Rep., 2,772; maj., 1,110; vote polled, 4,433.

HUDSON.

Leon Abbett, Dem.; Jersey City. Pop. 129,288.

Senator Abbett was born in Philadelphia October 8th, 1836. He graduated, with the degree of M. A., at the Philadelphia High School, and then entered the law office of the then U. S. District Attorney, Hon. John W. Ashmead; was admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania in 1857, and then removed to New York, and entered the practice of the law. For the past 14 years he has been the senior partner of the law firm of Abbett and Fuller in New York. In 1865 Mr. Abbett was appointed corporation counsel of the City of Hoboken, where he then resided, and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey. He held that position for three years, when he resigned in consequence of his removal to

Jersey City, where he has since resided. In 1864 Mr. Abbett was elected to the House of Assembly from Hoboken, and re-elected in 1865. In 1868 he was again elected to the Legislature from the then 1st district of Jersey City, and re-elected the following year. In both of these sessions, Mr. Abbett was chosen Speaker of the House, and was an excellent presiding officer. Mr. Abbett has been counsel to the city of Bayonne, Town of Union, and President of the Board of Education of Jersey City.

1871. McPherson, Dem., 7,702 ; maj., 2,933 ; vote polled, 17,437.

1874. Abbett, Dem., 13,131 ; maj., 4,940 ; vote polled, 21,322.

HUNTERDON.

FREDERIC A. POTTS, Rep., Pittstown. Pop. 36,961.

Senator Potts was born at Pottsville, Pa., and is thirty-nine years of age. He is a wholesale coal merchant, and resides on a farm that has been the home of his ancestors for five generations. He contested with Mr. Banghart, in 1870 for the seat in the Senate, but was defeated by a large majority. In 1872 Senator Potts was a candidate for Congress, and though defeated succeeded in reducing the majority in his own county to 576. In the election of 1873 Senator Potts ran largely ahead of his ticket and carried the county by a good majority, being the first Republican since the days of Jackson that has done so. For three years he has been an active member of the Republican State Executive Committee. In the session of 1874, Senator Potts took high rank as an able and ready speaker and careful legislator. He was chairman of the committee on "Finance" and "Federal Relations," and a member of that on the "Judiciary."

1870. Banghart, Dem., 3,954 ; maj., 1,651 ; vote polled, 6,257.

1873. Potts, Rep., 3,666 ; maj., 387 ; vote polled, 6,945.

MERCER.

JONATHAN H. BLACKWELL, Dem., Trenton. Pop. 46,470.

Senator Blackwell was born at Hopewell, Mercer county, and is thirty-three years of age. He is a wholesale merchant of the city of Trenton, and is highly esteemed by all who know him. Mr. Blackwell is a member of the Trenton Common Council, and chairman of the Finance Committee

of that body, having held the same position for the past two years.

1871. Hewitt, Rep., 4,863 ; majority, 529 ; vote polled, 9,107.

1874. Blackwell, Dem., 5,357 ; maj., 183 ; vote polled, 10,531.

MIDDLESEX.

LEVI D. JARRARD, Rep.; New Brunswick. Pop. 45,057.

Senator Jarrard is a native of Warren county, and is engaged in business in New Brunswick as a grocer and ship chandler. He is fifty years of age. He has held many important public and private positions of trust, and has been alderman of New Brunswick. He has served five terms in the House of Assembly, and was first elected to the Senate in 1870, and re-elected in 1873. During the session of 1874, Senator Jarrard was chairman of the committees on "Municipal Corporations" and "Reform School for Boys," and a member of that on "Railroads and Canals."

1870. Jarrard, Rep., 4,620 ; maj., 515 ; vote polled, 8,725.

1873. Jarrard, Rep., 4,358 ; maj., 170 ; vote polled, 8,606.

MONMOUTH.

WILLIAM H. HENDRICKSON, Dem., Middletown. Pop. 46,316.

Senator Hendrickson was born at Old Middletown, and is sixty-one years of age. He is a farmer by occupation, was elected to the State Senate in 1858, without opposition ; was elected Chosen Freeholder of his county without opposition for eight years, and declined a re-election ; has been President of the Key Port and Middletown Point Steamboat Company for 15 years, and a Bank Director for many years, besides holding several other positions of trust. Of the many elective offices held by Senator Hendrickson, he has never yet had an opponent to contend against. In the session of 1874 Senator Hendrickson was a member of the committee on "Passed Bills," "Reform School for Boys," "Finance," and "Elections."

1871. Conover, Dem., 4,761 ; maj., 410 ; vote polled, 9,112.

1872. Hendrickson, Dem., 7,769 ; no opposition.

MORRIS.

JOHN HILL, Rep., Boonton. Pop. 43,161.

Senator Hill was born at Catskill, N. Y., June 10th, 1821. In 1844 he removed to Boonton, and engaged in mercantile business there, in which he is still concerned. After filling several local offices, Mr. Hill was chosen a member of the House of Assembly of 1861 and 1862, and was again returned in 1866. In the last named year he was chosen Speaker of the House, and made an able and efficient presiding officer. During the war Mr. Hill was active in raising troops, and was largely instrumental in giving aid and comfort to the New Jersey soldiers when encamped in the South. He visited them frequently and rendered them every possible assistance. Mr. Hill was elected to the fortieth Congress, re-elected to the forty-first, and again to the forty-second. During the three terms of his service, he was an active and influential member of the committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, and in this position was enabled to render most valuable service to his District and State in furnishing increased postal facilities to the people. He was also very active and watchful in the protection of all the great agricultural, mining and manufacturing industries of his District, and it was largely due to his untiring efforts that our present convenient postal card system was adopted and the franking privilege abolished. In the fortieth and forty-first Congresses, he was also a member of the committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures, and in the forty-second Congress was chairman of the committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department.

1871. Cutler, Dem., 4,014; maj.; 430; vote polled, 7,498.

1874. Hill, Rep., 4,586; maj., 104; vote polled 9,068.

OCEAN.

JOHN S. SCHULTZE, Rep., Manchester. Pop. 12,658.

Senator Schultze is a native of Centre county, Pa., and is forty years of age. Previous to 1861 he was extensively engaged in the manufacture of pig, merchant and boiler iron, mining coal and operating railroads for the transportation of iron, coal and lumber in Pennsylvania. On the breaking out of the war Mr. Schultze raised a company from his own employees and went as First Lieutenant in the same. Passed through the various grades to brigadier general and brevet major general, participating in all the important battles of the Army of the Potomac and that of Gettysburg, when, having been wounded several times, he was placed on Bureau duty, as adjutant general of the de-

partment of Susquehanna, and afterward of the department of Pennsylvania until the close of the war; was offered by President Lincoln a position in the adjutant-general's department of the regular army, but declined the same. Mr. Schultze is in business in Manchester, Ocean county, and is largely interested in real estate, cranberry culture, farming, &c. He is also engaged in the development of 25,000 acres of land in Ocean county, and is director in several railroads in New Jersey and other States. In 1872 Mr. Schultze was elected to the House of Assembly to represent his County, and made an efficient member. He was absent in Europe during the autumn and winter of 1873, and therefore declined a renomination to the Assembly.

1871. Havens, Rep., 1,451; maj., 275; vote polled, 2,674.

1874. Schultze, Rep., 1,605; maj., 237; vote polled, 2,973.

PASSAIC.

JOHN HOPPER, Dem.; Paterson. Pop. 46,465.

Senator Hopper was born at Pollitly, near Hackensack, Bergen county, March 2d, 1814. He is a descendant of a family which settled in Bergen county two centuries ago. Graduated at Rutgers College in 1833 and entered the law office at Trenton of Ex-Gov. Peter D. Vroom. He was licensed as an attorney in 1836, and as counselor in 1840, when he settled in Paterson, and formed a law partnership with the late Judge E. B. D. Ogder. At the present time a son of Mr. Hopper is associated with him in the practice of the law. Senator Hopper has filled the following positions in Passaic county; Town counsel of Patterson, 1843-'47; Surrogate of county, 1845-'55; counsel to county board, 1855-'64; member of town school committee; member of Paterson board of education; county prosecutor, 1863-'68; and 1870-'74; state senator, 1867-'70. He was a candidate for state senator in 1870, but was defeated and was mentioned in connection with the congressional nominations of 1870 and 1872. Mr. Hopper is secretary and treasurer of the Paterson and Ramapo railroad company, being the only railroad in which he has any interest, and has held the office of secretary of this company since its organization in 1844. In the session of 1874 Senator Hopper was a member of the committees on "Revision of the Laws," "Sinking Fund" and "State Prison."

1870. Williams, Rep., 4,525; maj., 894; vote polled, 8,150.

1873. Hopper, Dem., 3,778; maj., 27; vote polled, 7,529.

SALEM.

ISAAC NEWKIRK, Rep.; Elmer. Pop. 23,951.

Senator Newkirk was born in the township wherein he now resides, and is a farmer. He is fifty-four years of age. Senator Newkirk has been for several years a member of the board of chosen freeholders of his county, and has served in several positions of public and private trust. In the session of 1874 Senator Newkirk was chairman of the committees on "Printing," "Unfinished Business," and "Engrossed Bills."

1869. Belden, Rep., 2,467 ; maj., 174 ; vote polled, 4,163.

1872. Newkirk, Rep., 2,723 ; maj., 519 ; vote polled, 4,927.

SOMERSET.

ELISHA B. WOOD, Rep.; Flagtown. Pop., 23,514.

Senator Wood was born in Hunterdon county, is a carriage-maker by occupation, and is in the sixtieth year of his age. He was a member of the House of Assembly from the second district of Somerset county during the years '58, '59 and '60, and was the Republican candidate for Senator in 1863 against Joshua Doughty. Mr. Wood has occupied several local positions, and is greatly esteemed and respected. He is a ready debater and is largely informed on all prominent subjects. In the session of 1874 Senator Wood was chairman of the committees on "Claims and Pensions," and "Treasurer's Accounts," and a member of those on "Soldiers' Home," "Militia," and "Miscellaneous Business."

1869. Cole, Dem., 2,240 ; maj., 238 ; vote polled, 4,242.

1872. Wood, Rep., 2,872 ; maj., 683 ; vote polled, 5,061.

SUSSEX.

SAMUEL T. SMITH, Dem.; Waterloo. Pop. 33,158.

Senator Smith was born near where he now resides, is forty-one years of age, and is an extensive merchant. He is a son of Hon. Peter Smith, who was Senator from Sussex from 1862-'65. Senator Smith has had large experience in business as well as in political life and positions of trust. In the session of 1874 Senator Smith proved himself to be a ready and fluent speaker, as well as a thoroughly informed and careful legislator. He was a member of the committees

on "Railroads and Canals," "Miscellaneous Business," "Militia," "Public Buildings," and "Soldier's Home."

1870. Edsall, Dem., 2,926 ; maj., 770 ; vote polled, 5,082.

1873. Smith, Dem., 2,397 ; maj., 856 ; vote polled, 3,038.

UNION

J. HENRY STONE, Rep.; Rahway. Pop., 41,891.

Senator Stone was born at Rahway, and is in the fortieth year of his age. He was educated at Rutgers College ; studied law with Cortlandt Parker, in Newark, and afterwards associated himself with Mr. Jackson, under the law firm of Stone & Jackson, Newark, of which firm he is still the senior member. Senator Stone is a director in the Rahway Gas Co. and the Rahway Savings Institution ; has been a member of the Rahway common council, and was mayor of that city for two years. He has held the office of city attorney of Rahway, which he now holds, for several years. In the session of 1874 Senator Stone was chairman of the committees on "Judiciary," "Banks and Insurance," "Fisheries," and "Soldier's Home," and a member of that on "Education."

1869. Wiley, Dem. 3,297 ; maj., 111 ; vote polled, 6,483.

1872. Stone, Rep., 4,616 ; majority 84 ; vote polled, 9,148.

WARREN.

JOSEPH B. CORNISH, Dem.; Washington. Pop. 34,419;

Senator Cornish was born at Bethlehem, Hunterdon county, and is thirty-nine years of age. He is a wholesale and retail merchant. In 1864 he was engrossing clerk of the House of Assembly, and was re-elected to that position for the session of 1865. In 1868 he was chosen Secretary of the Senate, and made a most faithful and efficient officer, being re-elected in 1869. In his election Senator Cornish ran 600 votes ahead of the Democratic electors, and received the largest vote and majority that was ever given to a Senator from that county. In the session of 1874 Senator Cornish was a member of the committees on "Agriculture," "Unfinished Business," "Library" and "Industrial School for Girls."

1869. Bird, Dem., 2,782 ; maj., 255 ; vote polled, 5,309.

1872. Cornish, Dem., 4,181 ; maj., 1,691 ; vote polled, 6,671.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.



ATLANTIC.

LEMU EL CONOVER, Rep.; Absecom. District embraces the entire county. Pop., 14,093.

Mr. Conover was born near where he now resides, is fifty-five years of age, and is engaged in farming and oyster planting. He is assessor of Egg Harbor township, and has filled the office several years, having also filled most of the other township offices. In the session of 1874, Mr. Conover was a member of the committees on "Federal Relations," "Commerce and Navigation," and "Engrossed Bills."

1872. Cavileer, Rep., 1,223; maj. 128; vote polled, 2,318.

1873. Conover, Rep., 1,133; maj. 500; vote polled, 1,766.

1874. Conover, Rep., 1,314; maj. 74; vote polled, 2,554.



BERGEN.

First District.

HENRY C. HERRING, Dem., Spring Valley, First Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Union, Lodi, Saddle River, New Barbadoes, Midland and Ridgefield. Pop., 15,300.

Mr. Herring was born in the city of New York, is fifty-five years of age, and is a farmer by occupation. He is a descendant of one of the oldest families in the county, has held the office of justice of the peace, chosen freeholder of Bergen county, and surveyor of the highways, as well as other township offices. In the session of 1874, Mr. Herring was a member of the committees on "Banks and Insurance," and "Soldiers' Home at Newark."

1872. Anderson, Rep., 1,441; maj., 14; vote polled, 3,224.

1873. Herring, Dem., 1,108; maj., 36; vote polled, 2,180.

1874. Herring, Dem., 1,506; maj. 226; vote polled, 2,786.



Second District.

JOHN W BOGERT, Dem, Hohokus. Second Leg. Dis. comprising townships of Englewood, Palisades, Harrington Washington, Hohokus and Franklin. Pop., 14,500.

Mr. Bogert was born at the place where he now resides, his ancestors having settled in that locality some time before



Paul A. Hoban

the Revolution. He is a farmer, thirty-five years of age, and has held several township offices. In the session of 1874, Mr. Bogert was a member of the committees on "Federal Relations," and "Agriculture,"

1872. Hopper, Dem., 1681; maj., 138; vote polled, 3224.

1873. Bogert, Dem., 1,497; maj., 346; vote polled, 2648.

1874. Bogert, Dem., 1876; maj., 413; vote polled, 3339.

BURLINGTON.

First District.

CHARLES J. GORDON, Dem., Bordentown. First Leg. Dist., comprising townships of Bordentown, Chesterfield, New Hanover, Mansfield, Springfield, and Florence. Pop., 15,966.

Mr. Gordon is a hardware merchant in Bordentown, and is about thirty-five years of age. He is the Bordentown City and Township Collector, and has held several positions of trust.

1872. Cox, Rep., 1666; maj., 167; vote polled, 3165.

1873. Cox, Rep., 1388; maj., 48; vote polled, 2910.

1874. Gordon, Dem., 1605; maj., 238; vote polled, 3072.

Second District.

HENRY MOFFETT, Dem., Burlington, Second Leg. Dist., comprising Beverly, Burlington, Cinnaminson and Chester townships. Pop. 15,000.

Mr. Moffett was born at Mt. Holly, Burlington county, and is thirty-five years of age. He graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, June 1861, entered the law office of Hon. John C. Ten Eyck, and was admitted to the bar, November Term, 1864. Mr. Moffett has been Mayor of Burlington, and Treasurer of that city.

1872. Marter, Rep., 1552; maj., 351; vote polled, 2753.

1873. Marter, Rep., 1,244; maj., 65; vote polled, 2488.

1874. Moffett, Dem., 1570; maj., 128; vote polled, 3012.

SAMUEL TAYLOR, Rep., Marlton. Third Leg. Dist., comprising Willingboro, Pemberton, North Hampton, West Hampton, Lumberton and Evesham townships. Pop. 13,949.

Mr. Taylor was born at Woodstown, Salem county, is fifty-two years of age, and is by occupation a merchant. He has resided in Marlton for over thirty years, held the office of Postmaster eight years, has been Justice of the Peace eight years, and has filled several other positions.

1872. Borton, Rep., 1726; maj., 419; vote polled, 3033.
 1873. Borton, Rep., 1,435; maj., 348; vote polled, 2522.
 1874. Taylor, Rep., 1521; maj., 286; vote polled, 2756.

Fourth District.

LEVI FRENCH, Dem., New Gietna, Fourth Leg. Dist., comprising Medford, Southampton, Shamong, Woodland, Washington, Randolph, Bass River and Egg Harbor townships. Pop., 9,746.

Mr. French is a native of Burlington county, is thirty-four years of age and by occupation a merchant. He has been a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders for three years, and for six years Collector of Taxes for Bass River township. He was elected to the legislature of 1870 and served on Committees on "Passed Bills," "Miscellaneous Business," and "Lunatic Asylum." In 1873 Mr. French was a candidate for the State Senate but was unsuccessful.

1872. Thompson, R., 1,156; maj., 154; vote polled, 2158.
 1873. Adams, Rep., 1,005; maj., 74; vote polled, 1936.
 1874. French, Dem., 1132; maj., 75; vote polled, 2189.

CAMDEN.

First District.

ALDEN C. SCOVEL, Rep.; Camden. First Leg. Dist.: comprising 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Wards of the city of Camden. Pop., 15,000.

Mr. Scovel was born at Princeton and is forty four years of age. He is a lawyer by profession, having been admitted to the bar in 1856, and then commencing to practice in Camden. In 1859, Mr. Scovel formed a law partnership with the Hon. Geo. M. Robeson, which continued until Mr. Robeson was appointed Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Scovel was clerk to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Camden for several years, and is now Counsel to that body. Was elected by the people City Solicitor of Camden in 1867, for two years, and reelected for three years, in 1869. He has also served in the City Council for three years.

1872. Cole, Rep., 1,657; maj., 736; vote polled, 2,578.
 1873. Cole, Rep., 1,200; maj., 265; vote polled, 2,135.
 1874. Scovel, Rep., 1771; maj., 293; vote polled, 3249.

73

Second District.

HENRY B. WILSON, Rep.; Camden. Second Leg. Dist.; comprising 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Wards of the city of Camden and townships of Stockton and Delaware. Pop. 16,000.

Mr. Wilson is a native of Massachusetts, is forty six years of age, and is a dealer in coal and ice.

1872. Carse, Rep., 1,903; maj., 1,149; vote polled, 2,657.

1873. Carse, Rep., 1,078; maj., 98; vote polled, 2,058.

1874. Wilson, Rep., 1,971; maj., 402; vote polled, 3,540.

Third District.

RICHARD N. HERRING, Rep.; Chews Landing. Third Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Haddon, Union, Centre, Gloucester, Winslow and Waterford. Pop. 14,475.

Mr. Herring is a native of Philadelphia, and is thirty eight years of age. He is an inventor by occupation. Enlisted Sep. 24, 1861, as private, and served three years, leaving the army with the rank of 1st Lieutenant.

1872. Forman, Rep., 1,346; maj., 556; vote polled, 2,136.

1873. Albertson, Dem., 943; maj., 66; vote polled, 1,820.

1874. Herring, Rep., 1,452; maj., 129; vote polled, 2,775.

CAPE MAY.

RICHARD D. EDMUNDS, Dem., Cape May City. District embraces the entire county. Pop., 8,529.

Mr. Edmunds was born at Fishing Creek, Lower Township, Cape May County, and is fifty nine years of age. He is a merchant by occupation. In 1838 Mr. Edmund removed to Cold Springs, and in 1844 was appointed a Judge of the Common Pleas for Cape May County; was reappointed in 1864 and again in 1869; has served as assessor 23 years; post master, eleven years; justice of the Peace, 14 years; Town Committeeman, 10 years; Chosen Freeholder, 2 years; Sheriff, 3 years. He removed to Cape May City in 1871, and is at present a member of the Common Council of that city.

1872. Leaming, Rep., 952; maj., 596; vote polled, 1,308.

1873. Young, Rep., 722; maj., 201; vote polled, 1,243.

1874. Edmund, A. Dem., 847; maj., 192; vote polled 1,502.

CUMBERLAND.

First District.

LEWIS H. DOWDNEY, Rep., Bridgeton. First Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Fairfield, Downe, Hopewell, Stoe Creek and Greenwich, and the city of Bridgeton. Pop., 17,467.

Mr. Dowdney was born in the county wherein he now resides, and is fifty-two years of age. He is interested in farming and agricultural interests and is at present connected with the Bridgeton and Port Norris Railroad. He was previously Sheriff of Cumberland County, and has held other offices of trust in the County.

1872. Whiticar, Rep., 2,112 ; maj., 588 ; vote polled, 3,636.

1873. Dowdney, Rep., 1,208 ; maj., 324 ; vote polled, 2,092.

1874. Dowdney, Rep., 1,749 ; maj., 68 ; vote polled, 3,430.

Second District.

GEORGE W. PAYNE, Rep., Millville. Second Leg. Dist.; comprising the townships of Maurice River, Landis and Deerfield, and the city of Millville. Pop., 17,198.

Mr. Payne was born in Millville, is thirty-one years of age, and is by occupation a glass blower.

1872. Willets, Rep., 1,498 ; maj., 309 ; vote polled, 2,687.

1873. Langley, Dem., 1,187 ; maj., 185 ; vote polled, 2,187.

1874. Payne, Rep., 1,528 ; maj., 93 ; vote polled, 2,963.

ESSEX.

First District.

ANDREW TEED, Rep., Livingstone. First Leg. Dist., comprising townships of Bloomfield, Montclair, Caldwell, Livingstone and Milburn. Pop., 12,992.

Mr. Teed was born near where he now resides and is a farmer. He has been collector of his township for several years ; was a member of the Board of Freeholders of Essex County for ten years, and Director of that body for two years ; was Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue for three years, and Sheriff of Essex county from November, 1868, for three years. Mr. Teed is a Director of the Mer-

chants National Bank of Newark, and also of the Orange Savings Bank.

1872. Wilde, Rep., 1,552; maj., 531; vote polled, 2,573.

1873. Halsey, Rep., 907; maj., 184; vote polled, 1,630.

1874. Teed, Rep., 1293; maj., 88; vote polled, 2,498.

Second District.

DAVID DODD, Dem., Orange. Second Leg. Dist., comprising town of Orange, and townships of East and West Orange. Pop., 15,769.

Mr. Dodd was born at Newark and is thirty-six years of age. He is a very extensive manufacturing jeweler, being of the well known firm of Carter, Howkins & Dodd of Newark.

1872. Doremus Rep., 1,661; maj., 289; vote polled, 3,033.

1873. Doremus, Rep., 903; maj., 854; vote polled, 952.

1874. Dodd, Dem., 1880; maj., 432; vote polled, 3328.

Third District.

THOMAS S. HENRY, Dem., Newark. Third Leg. Dist., comprising Eighth ward of the city of Newark and Belleville and Franklin townships. Pop., 10,484.

Mr. Henry was born in New York city, and is twenty-seven years of age. He is a rising member of the New York bar, and delivered the Alumni Oration of the law department of the New York University in May, 1873. In the session of 1874 Mr. Henry distinguished himself as a careful legislator, and was ever foremost in all measures looking toward reform. He was several times in the Chair as Acting Speaker, and as such gave entire satisfaction to the House. He was a member of the committees on "Judiciary," and "Sinking Fund."

1872. Hill, Dem., 1,131; maj., 23; vote polled, 2,239.

1873. Henry, Dem., 933; maj., 166; vote polled, 1,700.

1874. Henry, Dem., 1184; maj., 48; vote polled, 2320.

In consequence of trouble in regard to the incorporation of Belleville City and the difficulty of designating legal polling places, a number of votes were thrown out, which would have increased Mr. Henry's majority to 199.

Fourth District.

HUGH KINNARD, Newark. Fourth Leg. Dist., comprising first and second wards of the city of Newark. Pop., 15,489.

Mr. Kinnard was born in New York, and is thirty-three years of age. He has lived nearly all his life in New Jersey, and takes an active interest in the Fire Department of Newark. He is a painter and decorator.

1872. Jones, Rep., 1,576; maj., 529; vote polled, 2,623.

1873. Jones, Rep., 1,147; maj., 312; vote polled, 1,982.

1874. Kinnard, Dem., 1,400; maj., 163; vote polled, 2,637.

Fifth District.

JULIUS C. FITZGERALD, Dem., Newark. Fifth Leg. Dist., comprising second and sixth wards of the City of Newark. Pop., 17,600.

Mr. Fitzgerald is a native of Newark, thirty-seven years of age, and is a lawyer, being a partner of Hon. Frederick H. Teese, member of Congress from Essex. At the Newark Charter election of 1873, Mr. Fitzgerald was elected Alderman of the sixth ward by a majority of 250. In the session of 1874, Mr. Fitzgerald took high rank as an able speaker and excellent legislator. He filled the Speaker's Chair on several occasions and proved himself to be an efficient presiding officer. He was a member of the committees on "Ways and Means, and "Industrial School for Girls."

1872. Armstrong, Rep., 2,044; maj., 885; vote polled, 3,233.

1873. Fitzgerald, Dem., 1,354; maj., 106; vote polled, 2,602.

1874. Fitzgerald, Dem., 1,820; maj. 114; vote polled, 3,526.

Sixth District.

SAMUEL MORROW, Jr., Rep.; Newark, Sixth Leg Dist.; comprising 13th ward of Newark, and Clinton and South Orange Townships. Pop., 19,031.

Mr. Morrow was born at Deckertown, Sussex County, N. J., and is thirty-four years of age. He is one of a family of nine of whom five are lawyers. He received a district school education, and at the age of fourteen commenced to teach school himself, and continued a teacher for ten years. He was at one time a Revenue Inspector for the state, but resigned the position to prosecute his studies for the bar. He is of the law firm of S. & J. Morrow, Newark, and is a rising member of the profession. He served in the Sessions of 1873 and '74, and was again re-elected to that of 1875. In the session of 1874 Mr. Morrow was chairman of the "Judiciary" Committee, and a member of those on "Treasurer's Accounts," and "Printing."

1872. Morrow, Rep., 1,789; maj., 678; vote polled, 2,900
 1873. Morrow, Rep., 1,496; maj., 638; vote polled, 2,354
 1874. Morrow, Rep., 1,759; maj., 416; vote polled, 3002.
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Seventh District.

WM. H. KIRK, Rep., Newark. Seventh Leg. Dist.; comprising 3d, 9th and 14th wards of Newark. Pop., 14,082.

Mr. Kirk is a native of the city of New York and is sixty years of age. He is an architect and builder, carrying on a very extensive business in Newark, where he has resided for forty years. He is now serving his fourth term as a member of the Essex county board of chosen freeholders, and has held several positions of trust. He has been a resident of New Jersey for forty-six years. In the session of 1874, Mr. Kirk was Chairman of the Committee on "Soldier's Home at Newark," and a member of those on "Lunatic Asylum," and "Municipal Corporations."

1872. Macknet, Rep., 2,071; maj., 1,330; vote polled, 2,812.
 1873. Kirk, Rep., 1,570; maj., 884; vote polled, 2,256.
 1874. Kirk, Rep., 1873; maj., 883; vote polled, 2,863.
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Eighth District.

PATRICK DOYLE, Dem., Newark. Eighth Leg. Dist.; comprising 5th, 10th and 12th wards of city of Newark. Pop., 22,582.

Mr. Doyle was born in Ireland; is thirty-five years of age, and has resided in this country for about twenty years. He is engaged in business in Newark, being of the firm of Atba & Co., proprietors of the Newark Steel Works.

1872. Campbell, Rep., 2,024; maj., 101; vote polled, 3,497,
 1873. VanNess, Dem., 1772; maj., 563; vote polled, 2981.
 1874. Doyle, Dem., 2482; maj., 918; vote polled, 4046.
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Ninth District.

WILLIAM CARROLTON, Dem., Newark. Ninth Leg. Dist.; comprising 7th, 11th and 15th wards of the city of Newark. Pop. 15,664.

Mr. Carrolton was born in Ireland, is forty years old, and is by occupation a hat manufacturer, having a large manufactory, and doing an extensive business in Newark; was elected Alderman of the 15th ward for 1874-'75, being the

first democrat that was ever so elected. He has been a resident of the State for twenty-four years.

1872. Baldwin, Rep. 1506; maj. 211; vote polled, 2801.

1873. Baldwin, Rep., 1322; maj., 451; vote polled, 2193.

1874. Carrolton, Dem., 1952; maj., 760; vote polled, 3144.

GLOUCESTER.

First District.

THOMAS B. LODGE, Dem., Paulsboro. First Leg. Dist.; comprising Woodbury City and West Deptford, Greenwich, Mantua, Washington and Monroe townships. Pop., 15,134.

Mr. Lodge was born in the district which he now represents, is thirty-six years of age and a sailor by occupation. He has never before held any official position.

1872. Eldridge, Rep., 1154; maj., 283; vote polled, 2025.

1873. Eldridge, Rep., 805; maj., 227; vote polled, 1383.

1874. Lodge, Dem., 1137; maj., 16; vote polled, 2258.

Second District.

SIMEON WARRINGTON, Dem., Swedesboro. Second Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Woolwich, Harrison, Clayton and Franklin. Pop., 12,660.

Mr. Warrington was born in Burlington county, is sixty-eight years of age, and by occupation a farmer and miller. He was appointed a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in 1864, and served ten years.

1872. Hemingway, Rep., 1335; maj., 312; vote polled, 2,358.

1873. Hemingway, Rep., 944; maj., 301; vote polled, 1587.

1874. Warrington, Dem., 1235; maj., 162; vote polled, 2308.

An Independent candidate received 134 votes.

HUDSON.

First District.

ALEXANDER T. MCGILL, Jr., Dem., Jersey City. First Leg. Dist.; comprising part of Jersey City. Pop., 16,500.

Mr. McGill was born at Pittsburgh, Pa., and is thirty years of age. He is a lawyer, practicing in Jersey City, and being in partnership with Attorney-General Gilchrist. He came to New Jersey in 1854, when his father accepted a professorship in Princeton College. Mr. McGill graduated from that College in 1864, and from Columbia Law School

New York, 1866. He continued the study of law with Judge E. W. Scudder at Trenton, and was admitted to the bar as attorney in 1867, and as counselor in 1870. He is now corporation counsel for the city of Bayonne, and has held that office two years. In the Legislature of 1874, Mr. McGill took high rank as an able speaker and careful legislator. He was a member of the committees on "Treasurer's Accounts," and "Corporations."

1872. Farrier, Rep., 1,367 ; maj., 27 ; vote polled, 2,456.

1873. McGill, Dem., 990 ; maj., 170 ; vote polled, 1,810.

1874. McGill, Dem., 1,400 ; maj., 203 ; vote polled, 2,597.

Second District.

PATRICK SHEERAN, Dem.; Jersey City. Second Leg. Dist.; embracing part of Jersey City. Pop., 17,000.

Mr. Sheeran is a native of Ireland, and is fifty years of age. He is a coach and carriage builder by occupation, having a factory for their manufacture at Jersey City. Mr. Sheeran has been a commissioner of assessments of Jersey City for three years, and an alderman of that city for nine years. In the election of 1872 he was a candidate and claimed the seat, contesting for it before the Legislative Committee on Elections, but was unsuccessful. In the Legislature of 1874, Mr. Sheeran was a member of the committees on "Public Buildings," and "Engrossed Bills."

1872. Reardon, Dem., 1,452 ; maj., 399 ; vote polled, 2,505.

1873. Sheeran, Dem., 1,261 ; maj., 626 ; vote polled, 1,896.

1874. Sheeran, Dem., 1,480 ; maj., 339 ; vote polled, 2,621.

Third District.

JOHN D. CARSCALLLEN, Rep., Jersey City. Third Leg. Dist.; comprising a portion of Jersey City. Pop., 16,000.

Mr. Carscallen is a native of Canada, forty-two years of age and a merchant by occupation. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Carscallen was chairman of the committee on "Reformed School for Boys," and a member of that on "Militia."

1872. Plympton, Rep., 1,404 ; maj., 106 ; vote polled, 2,702.

1873. Carscallen, Rep., 1,029 ; maj., 46 ; vote polled, 2,012.

1874. Carscallen, Rep., 1,464 ; maj., 72 ; vote polled, 2,856.

Fourth District.

ALEXANDER McDONNELL, Dem., Jersey City. Fourth Leg. Dist.; comprising part of Jersey City. Pop. 16,000.

Mr. McDonnell was born in Ireland, and is forty-six years of age. He is a cider manufacturer. In the Legislature of 1874, Mr. McDonnell was a member of the committees on "State Prison," and "Reformed School for Boys."

1872. Gaede, Dem., 1,437; maj., 512; vote polled, 2362.

1873. McDonnell, Dem., 682; maj., 170; vote polled, 1882.

1874. McDonnell, Dem., 1310; maj., 201; vote polled, 2439.

An independent candidate received 132 votes.

Fifth District.

JOHN P. TOFFEY, Rep., Jersey City. Fifth Leg. Dist. comprising part of Jersey City. Pop., 10,000.

Mr. Toffey is a native of New York state, is thirty years of age, and is a dealer in live stock. He enlisted in 1862 as private in the 21st N. J. Volunteers and remained with the regiment until his term of service, nine months, expired, when he returned to Jersey City and recruited a company for the 33d regiment, and went with them as first lieutenant. At the battle of Missionary Ridge, Tenn., Mr. Toffey was severely wounded, and sent home. When recovered he received from President Lincoln a Lieutenant's Commission in the Veteran Reserve Corps, and served in Washington until 1866. Mr. Toffey is at present Lt. Col of the 4th Regiment N. G., State N. J.; is an alderman of Jersey City, and a Director in the Hudson City Savings Bank.

1872. Wandle, Rep., 933; maj., 67; vote polled, 1769.

1873. Combs, Rep., 688; maj. 86; vote polled, 1290.

1874. Toffey, Rep., 1119; maj. 241; vote polled, 1997.

Sixth District.

THOMAS CAREY, Dem., Greenville. Sixth Leg. Dist. comprising portion of Jersey City, township of Greenville, and the city of Bayonne. Pop., 16,500.

Mr. Carey was born in New York, is thirty-three years of age, and is a lawyer, practising in the New York and New Jersey Courts. He was for three years a member of the Board of Education of Greenville Township, and also a member of the township committee, and chairman of that body for one year.

1872. Washburne, Rep., 1508; maj., 9; vote polled, 3,007.

1873. Washburn, Rep., 1076; maj., 130; vote polled, 2243.

1874. Carey, Dem., 1773; maj. 308; vote polled, 3238.

Seventh District.

RUDOLPH F. RABE, Dem., Hoboken. Seventh Leg. Dist.; comprising the city of Hoboken. Pop., 20,297.

Mr. Rabe is a native of Germany, but came to this country when a lad, and is now thirty-three years of age. He is a lawyer by profession, graduating from Columbia Law School in 1869, and now being of the firm of Browne & Rabe, New York. He was at one time joint owner and publisher of the Hudson County Journal, German, but is not now connected with it. In the Legislature of 1874, Mr. Rabe was prominent as an able speaker and a conscientious legislator. He was a member of the committees on "Judiciary," and "Library."

1872. Lee, Ind. Dem., 1287; maj., 390; vote polled, 2184.

1873. Rabe, Dem., 743; maj., 95; vote polled, 1874.

1874. Rabe, Dem., 1605; maj., 898; vote polled, 2312.

Eighth District.

EDWARD F. McDONALD, Dem. Harrison. Eighth Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of North Bergen Harrison, Kearney, Union, Weehawken, West Hoboken and the town of Union. Pop., 20,300.

Mr. McDonald is a native of Ireland, is thirty years of age, and by occupation a machinist. When only seventeen years old, he enlisted, August, 1861, in the 7th Regiment N. J. Volunteers, and served with distinction for two years, until discharged for physical disability contracted in the service.

1872. Ryder, Rep., 1283; maj., 105; vote polled, 2461.

1873. Selleck, Dem., 1122; maj., 184; vote polled, 2060.

1874. McDonald, Dem., 1668; maj., 458; vote polled 2878.

HUNTERDON.

First District.

JAMES BIRD, Dem., Lambertville. First Leg. Dist.; comprising the townships of Readington, Raritan, East Amwell, Kingswood and Delaware, and the borough of Lambertville. Pop., 21,141.

Mr. Bird was born in the District which he represents, is forty years of age, and by occupation a builder. He served as captain of Co. H, 6th Regiment New Jersey Volunteers, for about two years.

1872. Hoppock, Rep., 1975; maj., 121; vote polled, 3929.

1873. Hoppock, Rep., 1808; maj., 141; vote polled, 3475.

1874. Bird, Dem., 2510; maj., 953; vote polled, 4067.

Second District.

WM. H. SWAYZE, Dem., Bethlehem. Second Leg. Dist., comprising townships of Alexandria, Bethlehem, Clinton, Franklin, Tewksbury, Lebanon, and Union, and boroughs of Frenchtown and Clinton. Pop. 18,648.

Mr. Swayze was born in Bethlehem, is thirty-seven years of age, and by occupation a farmer and drover. He has filled the several local offices of his neighborhood.

1872. Carpenter, Dem., 2,034; maj., 283; vote polled, 3,785

1873. Carpenter, Dem., 2,002; maj., 454; vote polled, 3,550

1874. Swayze, Dem., 2,354; maj., 599; vote polled, 4,109

MERCER.

First District.

GEORGE O. VANDERBILT, Dem., Princeton. First Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Ewing, Hopewell, Lawrence and Princeton. Pop., 15,788.

Mr. Vanderbilt was born in Hunterdon county, and is thirty years of age. He was brought up on a farm, but became a teacher in the public schools at the age of twenty. He afterwards went through a three years course in Pennington Seminary, and subsequently entered Princeton College, graduating from the latter, June, 1873, and taking the prize for the best essay on political science. In four months after leaving College, Mr. Vanderbilt was elected to the legislature of 1874, where he served most acceptably. He was a member of the Committees on "Education," and "Soldiers' Children's Home."

1872. Smith, Rep., 1,420; maj., 290; vote polled, 2,550.

1873. Vanderbilt, Dem., 1,211; maj., 69; vote polled, 2,353.

1874. Vanderbilt, Dem., 1,489; maj., 127; vote polled, 2,851.

Second District.

SAMUEL M. YOUNG, Dem., Trenton. Second Leg. Dist.; comprising 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 10th wards of the city of Trenton. Pop., 21,809.

Mr. Young was born in Pennsylvania is thirty-five years of age, and by occupation a mason builder; he served in the war, holding a commission as lieutenant, and is now captain of Co. B, 7th Regiment, N. G. S. N. J. Mr. Young is a member of the Trenton Common Council, and is

chairman of the committees of that body on "Streets," and "Poor."

1872. Lindsay, Dem., 2284; maj., 25; vote polled, 4543.

1873. Lindsay, Dem., 2147; maj., 206; vote polled, 4177.

1874. Youmans, Dem., 2598; maj., 167; vote polled, 5029.

Third District.

ROBERT S. WOODRUFF, Jr., Dem., Trenton. Third Leg. Dist.; comprising the townships of East Windsor, West Windsor and Washington, Hamilton Square, Chambersburg, and the Sixth ward of Trenton. Pop., 11,631.

Mr. Woodruff was born at Newark, N. J., is thirty years of age, and is a practising lawyer; he has been a member of the Trenton Common Council, and is at present receiver of taxes of the city of Trenton, and a member of the board of school trustees.

1872. Smith, Dem., 1174; maj., 150; vote polled 2493.

1873. Smith, Dem., 1256; maj., 49; vote polled, 2463.

1874. Woodruff, Dem., 1354; maj., 22; vote polled, 2746.

MIDDLESEX.

First District.

JAMES H. VAN CLEEF, Dem., New Brunswick. First Leg. Dist.; comprising the city of New Brunswick. Pop., 15,058.

Mr. Van Cleef was born at Branchville, Somerset county is thirty-two years of age and a lawyer by profession. He was educated at LaFayette College, Easton, Penn., entered the law office of Hon. Mercer Beasley, and upon the appointment of that gentleman as Chief Justice, Mr. Van Cleef completed his studies in the law office of Edward T. Green at Trenton. He has attained a high position in his profession, and was counsel for the Middlesex Board of Chosen Freeholders, but has resigned that position.

1872. Fisher, Rep., 1953; maj., 559; vote polled, 3407.

1873. Van Deursen, Rep., 2042; maj., 680; vote polled 3404.

1874. Van Cleef, Dem., 2126; maj., 431; vote polled, 3827.

Second District.

JOSEPHUS SHANN, Dem., Rahway. Second Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Piscataway, Raritan, Woodbridge and Perth Amboy. Pop., 12,795.

Mr. Shann was born at Bloomfield, N. J., and is fifty-four years of age. In 1838 he removed to Flemington, and when only twenty years of age started the "Hunterdon County Democrat," which he edited and published till 1840, when he removed to Rahway, and commenced the publication of "The Democratic Republican," which he edited for a period of twenty-five years, when he sold the same. Mr. Shann was several years Postmaster of Rahway, served four years in the Rahway Common Council, two in the Board of Chosen Freeholders, and for several years held a responsible position in the Auditor's Department of the New York Custom House. In 1852-'53 he was a member of the House of Assembly, and in consequence of the sickness of the Speaker, Mr. Shann was chosen Speaker, *pro tem*, and discharged the duties of that office with marked ability.

1872. Letson, Dem., 1307; maj., 252; vote polled, 2362.
1873. Ten Broeck, Rep., 1120; maj., 69; vote polled, 2171.
1874. Shann, Dem., 1240; maj. 75; vote polled, 2405.

Third District.

JOSEPH E. MAGEE, Dem., Jamesburgh. Third Leg. Dist., comprising townships of North Brunswick, South Brunswick, East Brunswick, Monroe, Madison and South Amboy. Pop. 17,176.

Mr. Magee is a native of Monmouth county and is fifty-three years of age; he is a merchant, and was for thirteen years postmaster at Jamesburg; he has served for two years in the Middlesex board of chosen freeholders. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Magee was a member of the committees on, "Railroads and Canals" and "Miscellaneous Business."

1872. Worthington, Rep., 1,768; maj., 104; vote polled, 3432.

1873. Magee, Dem., 1582; maj., 57; vote polled, 3107.

1874. Magee, Dem., 2057; maj., 493; vote polled, 3621.

MONMOUTH.

First District.

GEO. W. PATTERSON, Dem., Freehold. First Leg. Dist., comprising townships of Upper Freehold, Millstone, Manalapan, Howell and Freehold. Pop., 15,734.

Mr. Patterson was born at Howell, Monmouth County, and in early life learned the trade of a carpenter. He is now in the forty-third year of his age. At the breaking out of the war Mr. Patterson assisted in raising three companies of N. J. Volunteers, and taking the 1st lieutenantship of one

of those, served with credit in the field for over two years, resigning his commission only when compelled to do so by disease contracted in the service. He afterwards served as Assistant Provost Marshal. In 1861, Mr. Patterson was appointed by Gov. Olden, one of the inspectors of the N. J. State Prison, to fill the unexpired term of Wm. Y. Ward who had been elected to the Legislature. The Democratic party removed Mr. Patterson the following year. In 1871 he was elected by the Republican party as inspector of the prison, but failed of re-election in the succeeding year. In 1871 he was elected township collector of Freehold, and has been a Chosen Freeholder of the County. Mr. Patterson is a director of the Freehold Building Loan Association and is largely interested in real estate and cranberry lands. In the session of 1873 Mr. Patterson was a member of the committees on "State Prison" "Printing" and "Revision of the Laws." He is a quick and ready speaker.

1872. Geo. W. Patterson, Dem. 1,820 ; maj., 1,730 ; vote polled, 1,910.

1873. Geo. W. Patterson, Dem., 1,348 ; maj., 430 ; vote polled, 2,266.

1874. Geo. W. Patterson, Dem., 1841 ; maj., 97 ; vote polled, 3,385.

Second District.

CHARLES D. HENDRICKSON, Dem., Keyport. Second Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Atlantic, Holmdell, Marlborough, Wall and Ocean, Pop., 14,238.

Charles D. Hendrickson was born near Middletown, in the district which he now represents, is twenty-nine years of age and a farmer by occupation. Upon the organization of the New York and Long Branch Railroad Co in 1869, Mr. Hendrickson was elected a Director, and for three years labored zealously for the success of the enterprise, only resigning the position after seeing the road in course of successful construction ; is a director and secretary of the Middletown and Keyport Turnpike Co., and a commissioned officer in the N. G. S. N. J.; was appointed by Gov. Parker in 1873, one of the commissioners to examine into the condition of the deaf and dumb, blind and feeble minded inhabitants of this state, and was reappointed by Gov. Parker in 1874, one of the commissioners to select sites upon which to erect institutions for the cures of the different named classes of defectives. In the organization of the commission Mr. Hendrickson was appointed its Secretary.

1872. Gifford, Dem., 2178. No opposition.

1873. Gifford, Dem., 562. No opposition.

1874. Hendrickson Dem., 3067. No opposition.

Third District.

WM. V. CONOVER, Dem., Red Bank. Third Leg. Dist. comprising townships of Middletown, Shrewsbury, Eatontown and Raritan. Pop., 16,362.

Mr. Conover was born at Middletown, is a farmer by occupation, and is in the fifty-first year of his age. Mr. Conover has filled most of the local offices of his neighborhood, having been surveyor of the highways for four years, collector of Middletown four years, member of the town committee, member of the committee on raising war funds and procuring volunteers, &c. He is at present a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders.

1872. Sproul, Rep., 1598; maj., 89; vote polled, 3107.

1873. Sproul, Rep. 1115; maj., 343; vote polled, 1887.

1874. Conover, Dem., 1686; maj., 261; vote polled, 3111

An Independent candidate also received 189 votes.

MORRIS.

First District.

JAMES C. YOUNGBLOOD, Rep., Morristown; First Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Chatham, Hanover, Montville and Morris. Pop., 14,415.

Mr. Youngblood was born at Morristown; is thirty-four years of age, and by profession a lawyer. He was admitted to the bar June, 1864, and then formed the law firm copartnership of Pitney & Youngblood, of which he is still a member. Mr. Youngblood was counsel to the Board of Freeholders of Morris county from May, 1869, to May, 1873.

1872. Howell, Rep., 1,724; maj., 506; vote polled, 2,942.

1873. Howell, Rep., 1,389. No opposition.

1874. Youngblood, Rep., 1,758; maj., 216; vote polled, 3300.

Second District.

EDMUND D. HALSEY, Rep.; Rockaway, Second Leg. Dist., comprising townships of Jefferson, Rockaway, Boonton and Pequannock. Pop., 12,867.

Mr. Halsey was born at Rockaway, is thirty-four years of age, and is a lawyer by profession. He is a son of the late Samuel B. Halsey, a former Speaker of the Assembly, and graduated from Andover Academy in 1857, and from Princeton College in 1860. He then studied law with his brother, Hon. S. S. Halsey, of Morristown, and was admitted to the bar in 1865, he having during the interval served two and a

half years in the Fifteenth New Jersey Volunteers, entering as a private and leaving with the rank of first lieutenant and Adjutant. He has since continued the practice of his profession at Morristown and Rockaway, and is of the law firm of S. S. and E. D. Halsey. Mr. Halsey is largely interested in the settlement of estates.

1872. Budd, Rep., 1,602. No opposition.

1873. Budd, Rep., 916. No opposition.

1874. Halsey, Rep., 1,413; maj., 523; vote polled, 2,303.

Third District.

ELIAS M. SKELLINGER, Dem.; Chester. Third Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Passaic, Mendham, Chester, Washington, Mt. Olive, Roxbury and Randolph. Pop., 15 855.

Mr. Skellinger is a native of Chester, is fifty-one years of age, and is by occupation a farmer and lumber dealer. He is very largely interested in the advancement of the neighborhood where he resides, and is an enterprising citizen. Mr. Skellinger has filled most of the local offices of his township and county, and has been for many years consecutively a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders, and an active worker on its important committees. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Skellinger was a member of the committee on "Passed Bills" and "Elections."

1872, Canfield Dem. 1,596. No opposition.

1873. Skellinger, Dem., 1,395. No opposition.

1874. Skellinger, Dem., 1,967; maj., 1,526; vote polled, 2,308.

OCEAN.

JONATHAN GOBLE, Rep., Forked River. Dist. comprises the whole county. Pop., 13,658.

Mr. Goble is a native of Monmouth county, is thirty-seven years of age, and a school teacher by occupation. In August, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the first New Jersey cavalry, and served with his regiment at the front for sixteen months, and until mustered out of service. He then received a 2d lieutenant's commission in the Second New Jersey cavalry, but resigned the same to enlist as a private in the Third New Jersey Cavalry, and after serving some time as sergeant, received a 2d lieutenant's commission in Company B. In 1865 he was promoted to 1st lieutenant, and placed in command of a company, which he retained until the regiment was mustered out of the service in August, 1865. He participated in the following engage-

ments: Seddon's Farm, Gray's Farm, Strasburg, Woodstock, Mount Jackson, Harrisburg, Rappahannock station, Cedar Mountain, Waterloo Ford, second Bull Run, Wilderness, and all along the line to Petersburg. When Early threatened Washington, he was sent with his regiment to Sheridan, and participated in the engagements with that noted officer from Charlestown to Appomattox Court House. He was not absent from the regiment an hour on account of sickness. Mr. Goble has served as a Justice of the Peace for four years, has been clerk and superintendent of schools, and was for two years an inspector of the State Prison.

1872. Schultze, Rep., 1,443; maj., 66; vote polled, 2,400.

1873. Lonan, Dem., 1,479; maj., 814; vote polled, 2,144.

1874. Goble, Rep., 1,505; maj., 37; vote polled, 2,973.

PASSAIC.

First District.

DAVID HENRY, Dem., Paterson. First Leg. Dist., comprising Passaic Village, Aquackanonck Township and 4th, 5th and 8th wards of Paterson. Pop. 17,940.

Mr. Henry is a native of Ireland and is thirty-nine years of age. He is a carpenter and builder by occupation. Mr. Henry was a member of the Legislature from the First District of Passaic, in the sessions of 1866 and 1867, was a member of the Passaic County Board of Chosen Freeholders for three years and director of that body one year. In the Legislature of 1874, Mr. Henry was a member of the committees on "Banks and Insurance" and "Riparian Rights."

1872. McDanolds, Rep., 1,915; maj., 326; vote polled, 3,504.

1873. Henry, Dem., 1,588; maj., 49; vote polled, 3,127.

1874. Henry, Dem., 1,752; maj., 158; vote polled, 3,346.

Second District.

JOHN P. ZELUFF, Dem., Paterson. Second Leg. Dis., comprising 2d, 6th and 7th wards of the city of Paterson, and Little Falls township. Pop. 14,000.

Mr. Zeluff was born in Paterson, and is fifty-four years of age. He is a hotel keeper by occupation. He has been a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of his county, a member of the Paterson Board of Education, a Coroner and Constable. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Zeluff was

a member of the committees on "Ways and Means" and "Stationery."

1872. Barnes, Rep., 1,367 ; maj., 334 ; vote polled, 2,400.

1873. Zeluff, Dem., 1033 ; maj., 181 ; vote polled, 2,008.

1874. Zeluff, Dem., 1038 ; maj., 27 ; vote polled, 2,049.

Third District.

ROBERT M. TORBET, Rep., Preakness. Third Leg. Dist.; comprising the 1st and 3d wards of the city of Paterson and Wayne, Manchester, Pompton and West Milford townships. Pop., 14,558.

Mr. Torbet is a native of Scotland, is forty years of age, and by occupation a farmer and dairyman. He has been trustee of his school district for over 10 years ; clerk of the same since 1867, and clerk of Wayne township for the last five years. Mr. Torbet was a member of the Legislatures of 1871 and '72, and in the latter session was chairman of the committee on "Education."

1872. Hobart, Rep., 1,787 ; maj., 826 ; vote polled, 2,748.

1873. Hobart, Rep., 1,490 ; maj., 467 ; vote polled, 2,513.

1874. Torbet, Rep., 1,377 ; maj., 114 ; vote polled, 2649.

SALEM.

First District.

CHAS. P. SWING, Dem., Sharpstown ; First Leg. Dist. ; comprising townships of Pittsgrove, Upper Pittsgrove, Pilesgrove, Upper Penn's Neck and Lower Penn's Neck. Pop., 11,797.

Mr. Swing was born in the district which he represents, is a farmer, and is forty-eight years of age.

1872. Iszard, Rep., 1,313 ; maj., 172 ; vote polled, 2,454.

1873. Iszard, Rep., 1086 ; maj., 36 ; vote polled, 2,136.

1874. Swing, Dem., 1,370 ; maj., 228 ; vote polled, 2,512.

Second District.

WM. B. CARPENTER, Rep., Salem, Second Leg. Dist. comprising Salem City and townships of Elsinboro, Mannington, Upper and Lower Alloway's Creek. Pop. 12,151.

Mr. Carpenter is a native of Elsinboro, and is fifty-two years of age ; he is by occupation a farmer. Has been assessor of his township for several years, and freeholder

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for three years, besides holding other local offices. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Carpenter was a member of the committees on "Corporations," "Industrial School for Girls," and "Education."

1872. Dorrell, Rep., 1,386; maj., 339; vote polled, 2,433.

1873. Carpenter, Rep.; 1,257; maj., 292; vote polled, 2,222.

1874. Carpenter, Rep., 1,207; maj., 6; vote polled, 2,408.

SOMERSET.

First District.

WM. P. SUTPHEN, Dem.; Lesser Cross Roads. First Leg. Dist., comprising townships of Warren, Bridgewater, Bedminster and Bernards. Pop., 12,840.

Mr. Sutphen was born near where he now resides, and is forty-two years of age. He is a farmer, has been town clerk and assessor of Bedminster township, and has filled with credit other local offices. Mr. Sutphen has devoted much attention to carefully collecting the historical facts connected with the neighborhood in which he resides, and has gathered together a valuable collection of relics and curiosities of the revolutionary war. He has also contributed to the press many interesting and valuable articles on such subjects. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Sutphen was a careful legislator, and was a member of the committees on "Soldier's Children's Home" and "Incidental Expenses."

1872. Smalley, Dem., 1508; maj., 168; vote polled, 2848.

1873. Sutphen, Dem., 1168; maj., 680; vote polled, 1,706.

1874. Sutphen, Dem., 1807. No opposition.

Second District.

JOSEPH H. VOORHEES, Rep., Rocky Hill; Second Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Branchbury, Montgomery, Hillsborough and Franklin. Pop. 10,674.

Mr. Voorhees was born at Rocky Hill, is a farmer, and is sixty-one years of age. He has been a chosen freeholder; clerk of township; surveyor of highways; town committeeman and commissioner of appeals, and township secretary for the State Sabbath School Association for 14 years, and an officer in the Reformed Church for thirty years. Mr. Voorhees has been a director in the Mercer County Mutual Fire Insurance Company for twenty-one years.

1872. Schenck, Rep., 1,361; maj., 528; vote polled, 2,194.

1873. Schenck, Rep., 650; no opposition.

1874. Voorhees, Rep., 1,291; no opposition.

SUSSEX

WILLIAM OWEN, Dem., Pine Island. District embraces the entire county. Pop. 23,168.

Mr. Owen was born in New York State; is a farmer, and is forty-three years of age. He has been a member of his Township Committee for ten years, Chosen Freeholder four years, and County Superintendent of the Poor House for the past two years.

1872. Ward, Dem., 2,704; maj., 551; vote polled, 4,857.

1873. Ward, Dem., 2,298; maj., 667; vote polled, 3,929.

1874. Owen, Dem., 2,940; maj., 1,258; vote polled, 4,622.

WILLIAM H. GILL, Dem., Elizabeth, First Leg. Dist.; comprising 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Wards of the city of Elizabeth. Pop., 13,798.

Mr. Gill is a native of Baltimore, Md., and is forty-eight years of age. He is at present the proprietor of the Sheridan House, Elizabeth, which he has made one of the best hotels in the State. Mr. Gill began life as a printer, and when yet a young man was promoted to the editorial chairs of several important western newspapers. At the age of twenty-three he was unanimously elected secretary of the convention that formed the present constitution of Ohio and received the hearty endorsement of the public men of the State for his energetic and unceasing efforts in that position. During the term of President Buchanan, Mr. Gill received a commission in the army and served for upwards of fourteen years. At the request of President Buchanan, Captain Gill started the Daily Herald at Leavenworth, Kansas, the first Democratic daily established in that State, and which enterprise was eminently successful, politically and financially. On the breaking out of the war Captain Gill was ordered to Cincinnati by President Lincoln, and was there placed in charge of public property, valued at \$175,000,000. Thence he was ordered to New York and from there to Philadelphia, where he was placed in command of the Schuylkill Arsenal. On the issuing of the order that officers that had had five years service in the east should do duty in the west, Captain Gill was ordered to Fort Union, New Mexico, but as his private business affairs did not permit of his being transferred to a post so distant, he resigned his commission, receiving the highest testimonials for his services from Generals Sherman, Meade, Ingalls and others, besides complimentary documents and certificates from the Washington authorities. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Gill took high rank as an able speaker and thoroughly informed legislator.

He was a member of the committees on "Lunatic Asylum," "Sinking Fund," and "Claims and Pensions."

1872. Cooley, Rep., 1,441; maj., 43; vote polled, 2,839.

1873. Gill, Dem., 1,395; maj., 369; vote polled, 2,430.

1874. Gill, Dem., 1,857; maj., 741; vote polled, 2,973.

Second District.

FERDINAND BLANCHE, Dem., Linden. Second Leg. Dist., comprising 5th, 6th and 7th Wards of the city of Elizabeth, and townships of Linden, Cranford, Springfield and Union. Pop. 11,514.

Mr. Blanche is a native of Germany, is fifty-four years of age, and is a merchant doing business in New York. He is possessed of a very fine farm at Linden, and is interested in the encouragement of an advanced system of farming. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1870 and 1871, and was an able legislator.

1872. McKinlay, Rep., 1,502; maj., 421; vote polled, 2,583.

1873. McKinlay, Rep., 1,131; maj., 461; vote polled, 1,801.

1874. Blanche, Dem., 1,419; maj., 169; vote polled, 2,669.

Third District.

ELIAS R. POPE, Rep., Plainfield. Third Leg. Dist.; comprising townships of Summit, New Providence, Plainfield, Westfield and Clark, and city of Rahway. Pop. 16,547.

Mr. Pope was born at Dunellen, N. J., and is thirty-eight years of age. He was formerly a dry goods merchant, but of late has devoted himself to banking and financial interests. He is president of the Plainfield Dime Savings Institution, director in First National Bank, the Merchant's Fire Insurance company, and the Gas company, all of Plainfield. He was also collector of Union county for three years. Besides these Mr. Pope holds several positions of public and private trust. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Pope was chairman of the committee on "Treasurer's Accounts," and a member of that on "Banks and Insurance."

1872. Lufberry, Rep., 1,871; maj., 180; vote polled, 3,562.

1873. Pope, Rep., 1,552; maj., 342; vote polled, 2,762.

1874. Pope, Rep., 1,846; maj., 89; vote polled, 3,803.

WARREN.

First District.

JOHN M. WYCKOFF, Dem., Washington, First Leg. Dist.; comprising 1st, 2d and 3d Wards of Phillipsburg, townships of Harmony, Franklin, Lopatcong, Greenwich, Washington, and Washington Borough. Pop. 16,769.

Mr. Wyckoff was born in the district which he represents, is thirty-five years of age, and by occupation a carpenter and builder. He has held the position of collector of Washington Borough, and for several years has been a member of the Democratic Executive Committee for the Fourth Congressional District.

1872. Mutchler, Dem., 2,023 ; maj. 838 ; vote polled, 3,208.

1873. Mutchler, Dem., 438 ; no opposition.

1874. Wyckoff, Dem., 1604 ; maj., 584 ; vote polled, 2,624. An independent candidate also received 232 votes.

Second District.

JOSEPH ANDERSON, Dem., Port Murray, Second Leg. Dist; comprising the townships of Oxford, Hope, Mansfield, Knowlton, Blairstown, Belvidere, Pahaquarry, Hardwick, Independence, Frelinghuysen, and the borough of Hackettstown. Pop. 17,617.

Mr. Anderson was born at Anderson in the district which he now represents, and is in the fifty-second year of his age. He is by occupation a farmer, and is an ex-Sheriff of Warren county. In the Legislature of 1874 Mr. Anderson was a member of the committees on "Stationery" and "Reform School for Boys."

1872. Anderson, Dem., 2,079 ; maj., 672 ; vote polled, 3,476.

1873. Anderson, Dem., 718 ; no opposition.

1874. Anderson, Dem., 2,342 ; maj., 1,463 ; vote polled, 3,221.

Elective and Appointed State Officers

OF NEW JERSEY.



Governor—Joseph D. Bedle, Hudson. Elected for three years. Term expires on Monday preceding third Tuesday in January, 1878.

Governor's Private Secretary—

Appointed and commissioned by the Governor. Term of office three years.

Secretary of State—Henry C. Kelsey, D., Sussex. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by Senate. Term of office five years; expires April 6, 1876.

The Secretary of State is *ex-officio* Clerk of the Court of Errors and Appeals; Clerk of the Court of Pardons, and Register of the Prerogative Court.

Assistant Secretary of State—Joseph D. Hall, R., Mercer. Appointed by Secretary of State and commissioned by the Governor. Term expires April 5, 1876.

Treasurer—Josephus Sooy, jr., R., Burlington. Elected annually by the legislature. Term expires March 18, 1875.

Comptroller—Albert L. Runyon, R., Middlesex. Elected by the legislature. Term of office three years; expires April 6, 1877.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund—Barker Gummere, R., Mercer. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office three years; expires April 3, 1876.

Philemon Dickinson, Mercer, *vice* Peter D. Vroom deceased.

Chancellor—Theodore Runyon, D., Essex. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires May 1, 1880.

Vice-Chancellor—Amzi Dodd, R., Essex. Appointed by the Chancellor and commissioned by the Governor. Term of office seven years; expires May 2, 1878.

Clerk in Chancery—Henry S. Little, D., Monmouth. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office five years; expires March 17, 1876.

Chancery Reporter—Charles E. Green, R., Mercer. Appointed by the Chancellor. Term of office five years; expires May 31, 1877.

Attorney General—Robert Gilchrist, D., Hudson. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office five years; expires January 19, 1875.

Chief Justice—Mercer Beasley, D., Mercer. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires March 8, 1878.

Clerk of Supreme Court—Benjamin F. Lee, D., Camden. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office five years; expires November 2, 1877.

Justices Supreme Court—Bennett VanSyckel, D., Hunterdon. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires March 15, 1876.

Edward W. Scudder, D., Mercer. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires March 23, 1876.

Vanclever Dalrimple, R., Morris. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires February 8, 1880.

George S. Woodhull, R., Camden. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires February 28, 1880.

David A. Depue, R., Essex. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office seven years; expires November 15, 1880.

Law Reporter—Garret D. W. Vroom, D. Appointed by the Justices of the Supreme Court. Term of office five years; appointed November Term, 1873.

Judges Court of Errors and Appeals.—*Caleb S. Green, R., Mercer. Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Term of office 6 years; expires April 7, 1880.

Edmund L. B. Wales, D., Cape May. Term expires March 19, 1875.

John Clement, D., Camden. Term expires, March 18, 1876.

Francis S. Lathrop, D., Morris. Term expires, March 9, 1877.

Amzi Dodd, R., Essex. Term expires, March 22, 1878.

Samuel Lilly, D. Hunterdon. Term expires March 27, 1879.

Commissioners of Pilotage—Andrew J. Drake, D., Essex. Term expires April 5, 1874.

William S. Horner, D., Monmouth. Term expires April 5, 1874.

James Parker, Ocean. Term expires April 5, 1877.

* Appointed 1873 to fill unexpired term of Hon. Chas. S. Olden.

Henry W. Miller, R., Morris. Term expires April 2, 1875.

Thomas S. Negus, D., Hudson. Term expires March 2, 1875.

David Cox, R., Hudson. Term expires March 26, 1876.

George W. Johnson, D., Monmouth. Term expires March 20, 1876.

Appointed by Governor and confirmed by Senate.

State Prison Keeper—Charles Wilson, R., Camden. Elected annually by joint meeting.

Supervisors—William R. Murphy, D., Burlington. Appointed by Governor, Attorney General, Chancellor and Chief Justice. Term of office three years; expires March 7, 1875.

The State Treasurer and Comptroller are *ex officio* Supervisors.

Inspectors—Frank H. Taylor, R., Mercer; Gordon Sickles, R., Monmouth; Henry L. Butler, R., Passaic; William E. Layton, R., Essex; Alexander Jacobus, R., Hudson. Elected annually by joint meeting.

Board of Visitors Agricultural College—1st Dist., David Petit, Chalkley Albertson; 2d Dist., William Parry, William R. McIlvain; 3d Dist., William A. Newell, Henry K. How; 4th Dist., Joseph Thompson, William H. Janeway; 5th Dist., Henry C. Pitney, John Steele; 6th Dist., Francis H. Dawes, William M. Force; 7th Dist., Abraham H. Duryee, Peter Henderson.

State Director—Charles A. Butts, R., Burlington. Elected annually by joint meeting.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction—Ellis A. Apgar, Mercer. Appointed by the State Board of Education.

Surveyor General of East Jersey—Monroe Howell, Parsippany.

Surveyor General of West Jersey—Franklin Woolman, Burlington.

State Librarian—James S. McDanolds, R., Sussex. Elected by joint meeting. Term of office three years; expires March 17, 1875.

State Board of Education—Governor, Attorney General, Comptroller, Secretary of State, President of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, the Trustees and Treasurer of the Normal School.

Trustees of the School Fund—Governor, Secretary of State, President of the Senate, Speaker of Assembly, Attorney General and Comptroller.

Commissioners of Agricultural College Fund—Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney General and Comptroller.

Court of Pardons—Governor, Chancellor, and Lay Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals. Clerk—Secretary of State.

Bank Commissioners—Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund—Barker Gummere, Philemon Dickinson.

Commissioners on Riparian Rights—Francis S. Lathrop, Charles S. Olden, Thomas McKeon, Bennington F. F. Randolph.

Commissioners of Fisheries—Benjamin P. Howell, George A. Anderson, Jacob R. Shotwell.

Commissioners to build the Morris Plains Lunatic Asylum—F. S. Lathrop, Beach Vanderpool, Samuel Lilley, Anthony Reckless, Franklin F. Westcott.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

TRUSTEES OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

President—William A. Whitehead.

Secretary—Charles E. Elmer.

Treasurer—Elias Cook.

Principal—Lewis D. Johnson.

Charles E. Elmer, Esq. ; Richard M. Acton, Esq. ; John McClean, D. D., L. L. D. ; Thomas D. Armstrong ; Benjamin Williamson, Esq. ; Robert Allen, Jr. ; Thomas Lawrence, Esq., Rynier H. Veghte, Esq. ; John E. Howe ; M. D. ; Rodman M. Price ; William A. Whitehead ; William H. Steele, D. D. ; Hon. Bennington F. Randolph ; Charles K. Imbrie, M. D. ; Ellis A. Apgar, State Superintendent is, ex officio, a member.

Officers of Soldiers Home at Newark.

Managers—Hon. Marcus L. Ward, Hon. R. H. Veghte, Hon. W. A. Newell, Hon. C. S. Olden, Hon. Daniel Haines, Col. E. H. Wright.

President Board of Managers—Hon. R. H. Veghte.

Treasurer—Hon. Marcus L. Ward.

Secretary—Hon. Daniel Haines.

Surgeon and Commandant—Col. A. N. Dougherty.

Superintendent—Maj. Wm. Wakenshaw.

Chaplain—Rev. Isaac Tuttle.

Matron—Mrs. Wm. Wakenshaw.

Officers of State Lunatic Asylum.

Superintendent—Horace A. Buttolph.

Assistant Physician—John W. Ward.

2d Assistant Physician—John G. Schenck.

Steward—Caleb Sager.

Matron—Mary Tabor.

Treasurer—Jasper S. Scudder.

Managers—Alexander Wurts, of Hunterdon, President; Caleb S. Green of Trenton, Secretary; Henry R. Kennedy of Warren; Moses Bigelow of Essex; John Vought, of Monmouth; Samuel M. Hamill, Charles Hewitt, James B. Coleman, of Mercer, Garrett S. Cannon, of Burlington, William Elmer of Cumberland.

Officers of Soldiers' Children's Home.

President—Mrs. William L. Dayton. *Secretary*—Miss Mary Abbott.

Treasurer—Miss M. A. Hall.

Directors—Mrs. J. Howell, Mrs. William L. Dayton, Miss Mary Abbott, Mrs. G. Rusling, Miss E. P. Corson, Mrs. C. P. Smith, Mrs. Dr. Hodge, Miss M. A. Hall, Mrs. L. C. Moyer, Mrs. George S. Green.

State Industrial School for Girls.

Trustees—President, Samuel Allinson, Yardville; Secretary and Treasurer, Samuel L. Bailey, Trenton; Matthew Mitchell, Morristown; Rudolphus Bingham, Camden; Charles H. O'Neill, Jersey City, Samuel C. Brown, Mercer.

Lady Managers—Mrs. Olivia S. Fuller, Mrs. Elizabeth Bailey, Miss Margaretta Potts, Trenton; Mrs. Rebecca A. Colson, Woodbury; Miss Sarah E. Hayes, Summit; Miss Sarah E. Webb, Elizabeth.

Matron—Mrs. Harriet F. Perry.

School located at Trenton.

State Reform School for Boys.

Board of Control—Governor, Chancellor and Chief Justice.

Trustees—Chas. H. O'Neill, President, John D. Buckelew, Secretary, David Ripley, Samuel Allinson, Nathan T. Stratton.

Superintendent—L. H. Sheldon.

School located at Jamesburg, Middlesex county.

NEW JERSEY.

ELECTION RETURNS—OFFICIAL.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Sen.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Smith, Dem.	Dobbins, Rep.	Malden, Dem.	Moore, Rep.	Osgood, Dem.	Conover, Rep.
Absecon.....	84	47	84	47	95	35	84	45
Atlantic City.....	180	183	176	187	212	148	177	185
Buena Vista.....	53	71	53	71	52	74	52	73
Egg Har. City.....	95	162	115	140	99	156	102	155
Egg Harbor Tp.....	231	259	233	258	242	230	205	285
Galloway.....	188	156	190	154	220	121	187	156
Hamilton.....	113	146	115	144	117	133	113	146
Hammonton.....	60	223	65	219	75	192	160	116
Mullica.....	60	114	62	112	85	85	70	104
Weymouth.....	94	48	90	49	93	46	90	49
	1158	1412	1183	1384	1290	1229	1240	1311

BERGEN COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Sen.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Cutler, Dem.	Phelps, Rep.	Dayton, Dem.	Jardine, Rep.	Herring, Dem.	Anderson, Rep.
1ST DIST.								
Saddle River.....	114	87	112	88	115	87	113	83
Midland.....	161	131	153	137	142	143	164	120
N. Barbadoes.....	527	308	493	336	496	332	437	383
Ridgefield.....	343	267	314	298	279	260	294	282
Loid.....	295	199	271	219	252	211	262	226
Union.....	255	174	227	203	230	146	236	186
							1506	1280
2D DISTRICT.								
Englewood.....	396	267	333	330	381	266	358	303
Palisades.....	267	124	262	126	265	119	269	127
Harrington.....	287	209	262	233	276	211	257	238
Washington.....	377	251	377	249	352	273	378	249
Franklin.....	323	260	287	297	267	289	293	268
Hobokus.....	335	275	315	292	328	280	329	278
	3680	2549	3406	2808	3383	2617	1876	1463

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>	<i>Con.</i>	<i>Absent.</i>			
1ST DISTRICT.	Belle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Smith, Dem.			
Bordentown, 1st District	307	223	280			
Bordentown, 2d District	382	214	289			
Chesterfield	104	217	91			
Mansfield	188	192	186			
New Hanover	279	212	275			
Springfield	248	148	217			
Florence	147	158	130			
			Dobbins, Rep.			
			Gordon, Dem.			
			Cox, Rep.			
			1605	1467		
2d DISTRICT.				Moffett, Dem.	Conrow, Rep.	
Chester	151	295	149	289	157	275
Cinnaminson	433	188	436	188	408	210
Beverly	226	237	223	244	225	241
Burlington, 1st District	356	374	350	375	385	345
Burlington, 2d District	378	390	370	381	395	371
					1570	1442
3d DISTRICT.					Willis, Dem.	Taylor, Rep.
Mt. Laurel	91	208	92	208	90	207
Evesham	122	166	120	167	104	184
Willingboro	92	49	93	48	93	48
Lumberton	150	194	109	235	153	187
Northampton, 1st District	206	258	182	274	199	266
Northampton, 2d District	150	286	141	288	172	264
Westhampton	130	121	124	124	130	120
Pemberton	294	217	292	247	294	245
					1235	1521
4TH DISTRICT.					French, Dem.	Adams, Rep.
Southampton	313	250	306	258	306	259
Medford	241	273	240	274	247	266
Shamong	144	114	135	122	137	119
Woodland	30	53	27	55	25	58
Washington	49	43	49	43	50	41
Randolph	37	46	37	46	42	41
Bass River	195	51	191	55	206	37
Little Egg Harbor	84	275	84	273	119	236
	5527	5541	5248	5695	1132	1057

CAMDEN COUNTY.

		<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assm.</i>	
1ST DISTRICT.		Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Albertson Dem.	Zinnick- son, Rep.	Bourquin, Dem.	Seovel, Rep.
Camden.							
1st Ward, 1st Preet.		167	282	175	271	180	263
1st " 2d "		226	331	227	332	232	332
2d "		250	370	251	368	257	358
3d "		311	266	308	271	300	270
4th " 1st Preet.		266	251	261	250	257	251
4th " 2d "		256	311	261	301	252	307
						1478	1771
2D DISTRICT.						Horner Dem.	Wilson, Rep.
Camden.							
5th Ward, 1st Preet.		178	272	183	268	175	271
5th " 2d "		275	230	278	229	272	235
6th "		314	332	322	324	308	328
7th "		312	351	317	319	336	357
8th "		201	377	200	373	196	372
Stockton.		141	249	143	245	118	236
Merchantville.		5	60	8	53	8	51
Delaware.		126	113	121	110	126	112
						1569	1971
3D DISTRICT.						Lippincott, Dem.	Herring, Rep.
Haddon.		125	349	120	350	128	345
Centre.		113	174	126	160	121	165
Gloucester Tp.		261	232	280	211	246	217
Winslow.		131	212	136	206	132	209
Waterford.		186	143	191	138	181	146
Gloucester City.		482	365	486	363	512	340
		4350	5276	4430	5175	1323	1452

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

		<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assm.</i>	
		Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Albertson Dem.	Zinnick- son, Rep.	Edmunds Dem.	Young, Rep.
Upper.		77	173	76	174	113	130
Dennis.		159	151	161	153	180	119
Middle.		195	212	202	210	219	190
Lower.		111	167	111	167	168	111
Cape May.		142	123	141	121	158	105
		681	829	691	828	817	655

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Sen.</i>		<i>Assem.</i>	
1ST DISTRICT.	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Albertson Dem.	Simnick- son, Rep.	Langley, Dem.	Willets, Rep.	Grosscup, Dem.	Dowdney, Rep.
Greenwich	48	109	51	105	51	161	63	148
Stoe Creek	85	128	101	102	97	111	106	100
Hopewell	161	175	175	162	179	156	183	150
Downe	133	103	140	96	119	116	130	101
Commercial	124	199	126	197	126	195	130	187
Fairfield	316	282	313	280	313	282	320	272
Bridgeton,								
1st Ward	354	392	353	392	345	391	376	360
2d "	198	192	196	190	196	194	209	170
3d "	160	269	155	274	153	276	165	257
							1681	1749

2D DISTRICT.							Wiley, Dem.	Payne, Rep.
Millville,								
1st Ward	205	205	210	198	219	185	189	218
2d "	206	274	209	270	222	254	186	292
3d "	217	156	222	151	250	121	206	167
Deerfield	207	103	205	103	210	98	206	98
Maurice River	217	231	216	231	182	264	220	226
Landis,								
1st Prec.	43	15	43	44	53	34	52	35
2d "	238	494	234	497	303	423	312	414
3d "	50	96	51	96	69	77	64	78
	2965	3513	3050	3449	3087	3341	1435	1528

ESSEX COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assem.</i>	
1ST DISTRICT.	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Teese, Dem.	Ward, Rep.	Saunders, Dem.	Teed, Rep.
Bloomfield	371	453	363	467	379	447
Montclair	306	300	284	322	308	296
Caldwell	315	260	311	260	311	260
Livingston	84	149	83	150	80	149
Milburn	136	130	128	141	127	141
					1295	1293

		Gov.		Gov.		Assent.	
		Boyle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Teague, Dem.	Ward, Rep.	Dodd, Dem.	Hazard, Rep.
2D DISTRICT.							
West Orange	.....	242	153	239	155	243	152
Orange, 1st Ward	.....	258	241	248	253	304	198
2d	.....	326	227	323	231	361	191
3d	.....	582	251	771	262	606	221
E. Orange--							
Ashland Dis.	.....	165	332	154	343	169	326
Franklin	.....	41	118	39	120	55	105
Eastern	.....	157	242	148	249	142	255
						1880	1448
3D DISTRICT.							
Newark.						Henry, Dem.	Howell, Rep.
8th Ward, 1st Dis.	.....	566	366	555	377	587	343
2d Dis.	.....	197	140	196	435	212	421
Franklin	.....	123	175	125	173	166	132
Belleville	.....	225	235	227	233	219	240
						1184	1136
4TH DISTRICT.							
Newark.						Kinnard, Dem.	Van Rensselaer, R.
1st Ward, 1st Dis.	.....	378	407	370	414	387	395
2d	.....	289	290	283	297	291	287
4th	1st Dis.	348	272	352	270	369	252
2d	.....	307	348	312	342	353	303
						1400	1237
5TH DISTRICT.							
Newark.						Fitzger'd Dem.	Wightman Rep.
2d Ward, 1st Dis.	.....	362	149	366	439	358	446
2d	.....	364	367	388	347	405	315
6th	1st	381	427	379	432	390	408
2d	.....	366	427	371	427	470	327
3d	.....	149	259	160	249	197	210
						1820	1706
6TH DISTRICT.							
Newark.						Turkes, Dem.	Morrow, Jr., Rep.
13th Ward, 1st Dis.	.....	351	474	361	463	361	456
2d	.....	376	444	379	432	370	435
3d	.....	178	346	173	347	169	350
Clinton	.....	225	225	218	229	172	271
South Orange	.....	297	222	289	230	271	247
						1343	1759

7TH DISTRICT.				Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Teese, Dem.	Ward, Rep.	Dreher, Dem.	Kirk, Rep.
Newark.									
3d Ward, 1st Dis.				241	384	240	384	257	368
2d				191	319	188	318	186	319
9th " 1st "				264	472	259	479	251	470
2d				115	332	111	333	111	329
14th " "				160	384	162	378	152	387
								990	1273

8TH DISTRICT.								Doyle, Dem.	Dodd, Rep.
Newark.									
5th Ward, 1st Dis.				329	244	329	240	321	238
2d Dis.				224	176	221	178	220	177
10th " 1st				424	473	426	471	393	473
2d				517	289	513	294	507	295
12th " 1st				510	187	540	188	511	184
2d				493	248	494	247	500	197
								2482	1561

5TH DISTRICT.								Carlton Dem.	Cleveland Rep.
Newark.									
7th Ward, 1st Dis.				471	105	473	103	462	111
2d				508	163	507	164	503	160
11th " "				414	402	407	408	405	406
15th " 1st				350	352	342	359	338	358
2d				234	165	236	165	244	151
				13967	13694	13876	13768	1952	1192

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

	Gov.		Con.		Assem.	
1ST DISTRICT.	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Albertson Dem.	Sinnick- son, Rep.	Lodge, Dem.	Stewart, Rep.
Woodbury	127	255	124	257	126	255
Deptford	82	156	84	154	70	154
West Deptford	119	171	122	168	123	166
Greenwich	244	195	245	192	277	158
Mantua	232	127	231	128	231	128
Washington	142	91	144	90	142	90
Monroe	166	173	173	162	168	170
					1137	1121

	<i>Gov.</i>	<i>Com.</i>	<i>Sen.</i>	<i>Assm.</i>				
8TH DISTRICT.	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Harden- bergh, D.	Scudder, Rep.	Abbott, Dem.	Startup, Rep.	McDonald Dem.	Jacobus, Rep.
Weehawken.....	58	24	42	26	41	26	44	29
W. Hoboken.....	411	200	405	207	406	205	376	230
T'n Union.....	315	290	318	289	320	287	309	298
Union Tp.....	210	107	222	91	217	99	220	97
N. Bergen.....	197	124	205	116	201	120	191	121
Kearny.....	113	86	110	89	108	89	61	132
Harrison.								
1st Ward.....	205	41	205	43	205	42	177	65
2d ".....	92	41	92	41	92	42	78	55
3d ".....	72	97	68	101	68	100	52	126
4th ".....	189	36	188	35	187	34	164	57

13346 8128 13189 8272 13131 8191 1668 1210

Mr. Vanderzee, Independent candidate for Assembly in the 4th District, received in 1st Precinct, 8 votes : 2d, 21 : 3d, 14 : 4th, 30 : 5th, 21 : 6th, 38—Total, 132.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>	<i>Com.</i>	<i>Assm.</i>			
1ST DISTRICT.	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Hamilton, Dem.	Place, Rep.	Bird, Dem.	Bray, Rep.
West Amwell.....	144	75	145	74	146	72
East Amwell.....	196	162	194	162	194	163
Lambertville, 1st Ward.....	179	77	182	71	195	60
" 2d ".....	168	141	172	137	183	122
" 3d ".....	131	137	133	135	134	131
Delaware.....	500	232	506	231	511	226
Kingwood.....	256	153	250	152	244	149
East Raritan.....	208	176	209	173	206	173
West Raritan.....	269	183	271	183	270	186
Readington.....	125	281	127	281	127	275
					2510	1557

2D DISTRICT.

2D DISTRICT.				Swayze, Dem.	Bonnell, Rep.
Frenchtown.....	94	126	95	124	133
Holland.....	175	226	175	226	230
Alexandria.....	231	82	230	82	81
Bethlehem.....	379	194	381	193	174
Union.....	193	93	191	95	103
Franklin.....	187	121	190	116	113
Clinton.....	277	190	275	191	198
Town of Clinton.....	104	103	105	101	112
High Bridge.....	162	243	155	250	251
East Lebanon.....	89	99	113	76	71
West Lebanon.....	176	186	173	190	183
Tewksbury.....	202	103	203	103	103
	4829	3386	4865	3349	1755

MERCER COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Com.</i>		<i>Sen.</i>		<i>Assent.</i>	
1ST DISTRICT,	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Smith, Dem.	Dobbins, Rep.	Blackwell, Dem.	Barton, Rep.	Vander- bilt, D.	Hageman Jr., Rep.
Ewing	238	171	220	174	235	169	231	167
Hopewell	480	540	483	535	485	518	505	514
Princeton	467	440	450	452	461	443	478	434
Lawrence,								
1st District	136	187	136	189	137	183	142	182
2d District	120	80	117	84	118	81	133	65
							1489	1362
2D DISTRICT.							Younts Dem.	Brewer, Rep.
Trenton,								
1st Ward	309	473	300	485	302	455	314	470
2d	236	308	222	312	229	309	226	318
3d								
1st Dist	331	322	307	338	326	322	325	328
2d Dist	262	105	201	132	250	115	252	115
4th Ward	498	332	427	377	474	345	497	331
5th	456	423	439	423	452	307	438	440
7th	547	428	542	425	536	437	546	429
							2598	2431
3D DISTRICT.							Woodruff Dem.	Hutchin- son, R.
East Windsor	238	272	279	228	237	268	232	276
West Windsor	171	176	179	168	171	173	182	163
Washington	139	174	157	154	134	178	138	173
Hamilton	274	395	273	392	275	390	256	413
Chambers'g	354	311	324	334	339	321	364	294
Trenton,								
6th Ward	196	61	173	62	196	60	212	43
	5452	5198	5229	5261	5357	5174	1384	1362

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

1ST DISTRICT.	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Ross, Dem.	Clark, Jr., Rep.	Van Cleef, Dem.	Van Deuren, Sen. R.
New Brunswick.						
1st ward.....	354	293	349	286	355	289
2d ".....	408	324	389	341	404	325
3d ".....	271	213	266	218	273	209
4th ".....	96	131	82	110	107	120
5th ".....	366	430	327	419	382	401
6th " 1st poll.....	346	246	332	255	356	235
" " 2d ".....	241	122	221	130	219	113
					<hr/> 2126	<hr/> 1695

2D DISTRICT.						
					Shamm, Dem.	Dally, Rep.
Piscataway.....	245	287	235	290	257	306
Raritan.....	406	306	396	317	393	300
Woodbridge.....	333	311	320	323	295	336
Perth Amboy.....	321	232	315	334	325	214
					<hr/> 1210	<hr/> 1165

3D DISTRICT.						
					Magee, Dem.	Arrow- smith, R.
North Brunswick.....	83	151	92	141	90	142
South ".....	273	316	257	332	273	312
East ".....	417	165	414	165	407	170
Monroe.....	228	267	224	270	295	201
South Amboy.....	668	376	657	386	602	439
Madison.....	267	61	258	70	256	72
Cranbury.....	132	230	133	226	134	228
	<hr/> 5455	<hr/> 1464	<hr/> 5270	<hr/> 1573	<hr/> 2057	<hr/> 1564

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

1ST DISTRICT.	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Ross, Dem.	Clark, Jr., Rep.	Patterson Dem.	Robbins, Rep.
Upper Freehold.....	331	414	319	423	267	466
Millstone.....	264	211	260	216	246	216
Manalpan.....	258	244	258	244	260	235
Freehold.....	629	411	606	432	537	478
Howell.....	466	219	462	227	431	249
					<hr/> 1741	<hr/> 1641

3D DISTRICT.	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Sen.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Cutler, Dem.	Phelps, Rep.	Canfield, Dem.	Till, Rep.	Zeller- ger, Dem.	Potter, Rep.
Randolph.....	576	570	536	600	622	521	390	137
Washington.....	310	97	309	97	315	91	316	60
Mount Olive.....	213	113	214	111	211	110	209	12
Roxbury.....	250	156	245	156	255	148	248	151
Chester.....	269	146	269	117	272	113	275	39
Mendham.....	199	170	203	166	197	173	201	41
Passaic.....	219	123	233	112	220	123	219	1
	<hr/> 4505	<hr/> 4571	<hr/> 4541	<hr/> 1104	<hr/> 4182	<hr/> 1586	<hr/> 1967	<hr/> 141

OCEAN COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Sen.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Smith, Dem.	Dobbins, Rep.	Lenan, Dem.	Schultz, Rep.	Blodgett, Dem.	Goble, Rep.
Brick.....	207	336	204	337	205	328	194	339
Eagleswood.....	25	100	25	90	27	98	27	98
Dover.....	270	382	265	388	283	362	282	363
Jackson.....	275	117	278	116	278	115	304	90
Lacy.....	58	125	57	126	74	109	72	110
Manchester.....	171	77	153	90	135	111	199	48
Plumsted.....	175	199	168	206	168	205	178	195
Stafford.....	101	86	103	85	102	86	102	86
Union.....	100	188	98	190	96	191	110	176
	<hr/> 382	<hr/> 1610	<hr/> 1351	<hr/> 1637	<hr/> 1368	<hr/> 1605	<hr/> 1468	<hr/> 1595

PASSAIC COUNTY.

1ST DISTRICT.	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assen.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Cutler, Dem.	Phelps, Rep.	Henry, Dem.	Newell, Rep.
Passaic.....	344	375	290	429	299	415
Acquackanonck.....	97	125	79	142	81	141
Paterson.						
4th Ward.....	302	392	273	421	311	379
5th ".....	411	392	401	402	431	364
8th " 1st District.....	369	185	351	194	369	174
" " 2d ".....	244	137	231	151	261	121
					<hr/> 1752	<hr/> 1594

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assem.</i>	
2D DISTRICT.	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Cutler, Dem.	Phelps, Rep.	Zehrf, Dem.	Francisco Rep.
Paterson, 2d Ward	245	379	226	393	269	342
" 6th "	275	321	253	312	279	315
" 7th "	151	195	111	238	438	198
Little Falls	81	124	84	127	52	156
					1038	1011

3D DISTRICT					Planten, Dem.	Forbert, Rep.
Paterson,						
1st Ward	276	353	267	362	299	330
3d " 1st District	232	211	220	257	234	239
" " 2d	137	206	123	221	156	188
Manchester	101	111	82	133	97	115
Wayne	109	166	100	174	111	163
Pompton	145	144	116	145	141	149
West Milford	222	196	190	227	225	193
	1047	1051	3727	4358	1263	1377

SALEM COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assem.</i>	
1ST DISTRICT.	Bedle Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Albertson Dem.	Sinnick- son, R.	Swing, Dem.	Iszard, Rep.
Pilesgrove	209	505	222	480	259	443
Upper Penns Neck	424	221	419	223	424	220
Lower "	187	142	173	152	183	141
Pittsgrove	302	91	302	89	282	199
Upper Pittsgrove	221	233	226	225	222	229
					1370	1142

2D DISTRICT.					Dunham Dem.	Carpenter Rep.
Salem, East Ward	224	247	228	240	218	249
" West	269	212	264	209	263	211
Elsinborough	38	400	44	94	34	103
Lower Alloways Creek	109	162	112	156	110	158
Upper	289	112	281	110	321	79
Quinton	111	132	120	124	121	124
Mannington	132	288	159	260	134	283
	2518	2445	2541	2362	1201	1207

SOMERSET.

1ST DISTRICT.	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assent.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Hamilton Dem.	Place, Rep.	Lutphen, Dem.	No oppo.
Bridgewater, 1st Dist.	386	100	383	390	385	
" 2d	180	95	180	95	178	
" 3d	193	171	193	174	193	
Bedminster.....	290	132	290	153	264	
Bernards.....	361	196	358	197	368	
North Plainfield.....	228	215	218	223	222	
Warren.....	198	56	197	56	197	
						1807

2D DISTRICT.						
					No oppo.	Voorhes Rep.
Branchburg.....	130	180	130	180		180
Franklin, 1st District.....	191	321	190	322		325
" 2d	158	133	143	148		149
Hillsborough 1st District.....	170	192	165	190		189
" 2d	139	222	138	223		222
Montgomery.....	160	239	160	241		226
						1291

SUSSEX COUNTY.

	<i>Gov.</i>		<i>Con.</i>		<i>Assent.</i>	
	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Hamilton Dem.	Place, Rep.	Owen, Dem.	Rep.
Andover.....	178	59	172	61	179	59
Byram.....	137	135	137	135	137	135
Frankford.....	175	206	184	197	185	196
Green.....	97	47	94	48	95	47
Hampton.....	133	72	187	68	135	70
Hardyston.....	236	123	229	129	234	127
Lafayette.....	103	93	93	97	98	97
Montague.....	102	41	102	41	102	41
Newton.....	327	206	323	199	318	211
Sparta.....	211	167	184	218	242	166
Stillwater.....	191	104	191	103	189	106
Sandyston.....	185	84	184	83	186	83
Wantage.....	451	269	444	270	467	248
Walpack.....	118	22	117	21	117	22
Vernon.....	232	101	230	100	256	74
						1682

UNION COUNTY.

				<i>Gov.</i>	<i>Com.</i>	<i>Assess.</i>			
				<i>Bedle, Dem.</i>	<i>Halsey, Rep.</i>	<i>Ross, Dem.</i>	<i>Clark, Jr. Rep.</i>	<i>Gill, Dem.</i>	<i>Ropes, Rep.</i>
Elizabeth, 1st Ward				376	468	278	558	346	485
" 2d "				637	131	529	243	606	159
" 3d "				466	159	110	209	167	117
" 4th "				197	199	174	212	185	198
" 8th "				253	123	232	145	253	127
								1857	1116

2D DISTRICT.

Elizabeth, 5th Ward				365	156	329	491	330	461
" 6th "				155	259	133	274	150	252
" 7th "				156	168	147	172	165	158
Linden				152	174	130	194	215	111
Union				276	181	263	188	282	174
Springfield				91	77	85	83	93	74
Cranford				98	110	89	120	184	20
								1419	1259

3D DISTRICT.

Rahway, 1st Ward				156	113	163	105	157	110
" 2d "				189	149	188	148	193	143
" 3d "				281	218	277	219	277	220
" 4th "				170	97	166	99	169	98
Clark				25	39	24	40	24	40
Westfield				301	273	285	289	302	270
Plainfield, 1st District				274	398	256	406	248	457
" 2d "				213	306	206	307	197	324
New Providence				64	107	57	110	58	112
Summit				167	70	160	75	162	75
				5062	4275	4572	4687	1757	1846

WARREN COUNTY.

				<i>Gov.</i>	<i>Com.</i>	<i>Assess.</i>				
				<i>Bedle,</i> Dem.	<i>Halsey,</i> Rep.	<i>Hamilton</i> Dem.				
1ST DISTRICT.							<i>Place,</i> Rep.	<i>Wyckoff,</i> Dem.	<i>Johnston,</i> Rep.	<i>Byrne,</i> Ind.
Phillipsburg										
1st Ward.....				167	109	171	105	182	76	6
2d ".....				345	345	347	145	225	121	137
3d ".....				187	119	187	117	182	99	21
Lopatcong.....				144	57	147	57	101	64	22
Greenwich.....				230	178	229	178	218	173	6
Franklin.....				215	79	218	77	194	91	
Harmony.....				183	66	183	66	170	77	
Washington Tp.....				181	97	186	91	143	116	7
Borough of Washington				255	175	242	188	186	203	33
								1604	1020	232

2d DISTRICT.

	Bedle, Dem.	Halsey, Rep.	Hamilton, Dem.	Price, Rep.	Anderson, Dem.	Sullivan, Rep.
Mansfield.....	195	120	199	115	257	15
Hackettstown.....	309	156	262	156	288	61
Independence.....	124	51	119	51	130	34
Allamuch.....	62	61	56	62	76	15
Frelinghuysen.....	110	129	110	126	143	93
Hardwick.....	91	22	91	22	91	10
Blairstown.....	170	122	171	120	173	98
Knowlton.....	216	80	247	80	213	72
Hope.....	213	109	210	110	210	103
Oxford.....	530	197	436	213	437	219
Belvidere.....	239	133	229	137	220	128
Pahaquarry.....	74	12	74	12	74	
	4263	2217	4154	2231	2342	879

FOR GOVERNOR.

	Rep. HALSEY.	Dem. BEDLE.	<i>Majors.</i>	
			Rep. HALSEY.	Dem. BEDLE.
Atlantic.....	1412	1158	254	
Bergen.....	2549	3680		1131
Burlington.....	5542	5527	15	
Camden.....	5279	4359	920	
Cape May.....	829	684	145	
Cumberland.....	3513	2965	548	
Essex.....	13694	13967		273
Gloucester.....	2427	2343	84	
Hudson.....	8128	13346		5218
Hunterdon.....	3386	4829		1443
Mercer.....	5198	5452		254
Middlesex.....	4464	5455		991
Monmouth.....	4179	6051		1872
Morris.....	4571	4505	66	
Ocean.....	1610	1382	228	
Passaic.....	4051	4047	4	
Salem.....	2445	2518		73
Somerset.....	2552	2784		232
Sussex.....	1729	2906		1177
Union.....	4275	5062		787
Warren.....	2217	4263		2046
	84,050	97,283	2,264	15,497

Bedle's majority, 13,433.

FOR CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

			<i>Majorities</i>	
	Rep. Sinnick- son.	Dem. Albert- son.	Rep. Sinnick- son.	Dem. Albert- son.
Camden.....	5175	4330	745	
Cape May.....	828	691	137	
Cumberland.....	3140	3060	449	
Gloucester.....	2395	2357	38	
Salem.....	2362	2541		179
	<hr/> 14,209	<hr/> 13,019	<hr/> 1,369	<hr/> 179

Sinnickson's majority, 1,190.

SECOND DISTRICT.

			<i>Majorities.</i>	
	Rep. Dobbins.	Dem. Smith.	Rep. Dobbins.	Dem. Smith.
Atlantic.....	1384	1183	201	
Burlington.....	5695	5218	447	
Mercer.....	5261	5229	32	
Ocean.....	1637	1351	286	
	<hr/> 13,977	<hr/> 13,041	<hr/> 966	

Dobbin's majority, 966.

THIRD DISTRICT.

			<i>Majorities.</i>	
	Rep. Clark.	Dem. Ross.	Rep. Clark.	Dem. Ross.
Middlesex.....	4573	5270		697
Monmouth.....	4369	5840		1471
Union.....	4687	4572	115	
	<hr/> 13,629	<hr/> 15,682	<hr/> 115	<hr/> 2,168

Ross' majority, 2,053.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

			<i>Majorities.</i>	
	Rep. Place.	Dem. Hamilton.	Rep. Place.	Dem. Hamilton
Hunterdon.....	3349	4865		1516
Somerset.....	2581	2745		164
Sussex.....	1770	2821		1051
Warren.....	2231	4154		1923
	<hr/> 9,931	<hr/> 14,585		<hr/> 4,654

Hamilton's majority, 4,654.

Mr. J. A. [unclear] [unclear]
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